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ABSTRACT

This publication is part of a continuing series of report's on public broadcasting. The report includes statistics on financial, employment, broadcast, and population activities of 154 stations in the aggregate United States for the 1974 fiscal year. Information is compiled relating to capital expenditures and direct operating costs. Also examined is employment status with relation to sex and minority groups. Data are presented in eight figures with 37 tables. Appendices include definitions of selected terms and organizations, surveys, and a list of stations on the air as of June 30, 1974.\ (AP)

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PUBLIC TELEVISION LICENSEES FISCAL YEAR 1974

by

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40x 400 2T

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Table A.--Total income, direct operating costs, and gross capital coenditures for television operations of public television licensees in current and 1973-1974 dollars: Aggregate United States, fiscal years 1970 - 1274

(in thousand dollars)

						Percent chan
	FY 1970	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974	1973 - 1974
(Number of licensees)	(128)	(133)	(138)	(150)	(154)	
In current dollars:						
Income for television						
operations	\$99,956	\$140,816	\$157,915	\$174,653	\$199,788	+14.48
Direct operating costs for television operations	83,677	113,362	122,860	137.232	161,732	+17.9%
Capital expenditures for	03,077	113,302	122,000	137,232	101,732	717.38
television operations	20,460	29,220	36,211	30,828	31,828	+ 3.1%
In 1973-1974 dollars:						
Income for television		•				
operations	\$128,014	\$169,690	\$180,764	\$190,130	\$199,788	+ 5.1%
Direct operating costs for			•			
television operations Capital expenditures for	103,356	133,289	139,289	149,547	161,732	+ 8.1%
television operations	29,468	38,309	42,744	33,405	31,828	- 4.7%

Table B.--Employees of public television licensees, by all and minority employees, and by employment status: June 30, 1970 - 1974

All and minority employees and employment status	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	Percent change 1973 - 1974
` All employees' Full-time employees Part-time employees	7,583 5,354 2,229	7,865 6,008 1,857	P,175 6,068 2,107	8,477 6,385 2,092	9,293 7,100 2,193	+ 9.6 + 11.2 + 4.8
(Total employees in U.S.)	(7,242).	(7,460)	(7,802)	(8,193)	(8,935)	(+ 9.1)
Minority employees**	683	739	903	869	1,081	+ 24.4
Full-time employees	349	460	543	593	756	+ 27.5
Part-time employees	334	279	361	276	325	+ 17.8

^{*} For aggregate United States. ** For United States only.

Table C.--Percentage distribution of broadcast and production hours: Aggregate United States, | 1970 - 1974

	FY 1970	FY 1971	PY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974
Broadcast Hours	Ž.		_		
Annual broadcast hours per					•
station	100.0% (3,171 hrs.)	100.0% (3,314 hrs.)	100.0% (3,431 hrs.)	100.0% (3,663 hrs.)	100.0% (3,873 hrs.)
By type of programing:					
Classroom (ITV)	34.3%	35.4%	34.0%	32.1%	29.5%
General audience	65.7	64.6	66.0	67.9	70.5
By source of programing:					
Local	27,1%	23.0%	21.1%	18.7%	17.0%
National interconnection	23.1	27.5	39.2	45.8	46.4
All other sources	49.8	49.5	39.7	35.5	36.6
Production Hours	•				
Annual production hours per					
licensee 💃	**	100.0	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		(294 hrs.)	(271 hrs.)	(260 hrs.)	(266 hrs.)
By type of programing:		57			
Classroom (ITV)	••	26.6%	21.8%	17.9%	20.0%
General audience		73.4	78.2	82.1	80.0
By type of color				•	
Black and white	**	63.6%	53.4%	38.3%	30.5%
Color		36.4	46.6	61.7	69.5
By type of distribution:					
Local	**	**	71.19	70.9%	74.78
Regional end other networks		**	26.1	25.8	21.9
National		**	2.8	3.3	3.4



FOREWORD

This publication is part of a continuing series of statistical reports on public broadcasting based on data provided annually by public television and radio station licensees to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting (CPB). This report presents statistics of financial, employment, and broadcast activities of the 154 public television licensees and stations on the air in the aggregate United States during fiscal year 1974.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and CPB have jointly supported the data collection and analysis of these reports. Ben Posner, Vice President for Finance and Administration, and Treasurer, CPB, and Marjorle O. Chandler, Director, Division of Statistical Information and Studies, NCES have represented the two agencies in these endeavors. Ronald J. Pedone, Project Officer, NCES, Michael Graham, Director of Information Systems, CPB, and S. Young Lee, Director of Information Analysis, CPB, have coordinated the preparation of this report. Survey Instrument design and data collection and processing were handled by the Information Systems staff at CPB.

We sincerely appreciate the time and information provided by participating organizations.

Henry Loomis
President, Corporation for
Public Broadcasting

Marie D. Eldridge, Act inistrator, National Sector for Education Statistics



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I. INTRODUCTION AND ANALYSIS DESIGN

Public television added 5 new licensees and 7 new stations in fiscal year 1974; an average station's air time increased 5.7 percent over the previous year; and an average licensee's production hours increased 2.3 percent. The money income of public television licensees increased from \$175 million in fiscal year 1973 to nearly \$200 million in fiscal year 1974, up 14.4 percent. However, considering the inflation during the year, such increase in real terms was only slightly over 5 percent (see highlights).

This report covers financial, employment, broadcast and production activities of public television licensees1 and stations² in fiscal year 1974. The data for finance and employment—based on all 154 licensees on the air during fiscal year 1974, and (2) data for broadcast and production hours from 149 licensees and 235 stations on the air from the beginning of fiscal year 1974.

Financial data are presented and examined by source of income and purpose of expenditures. Detailed examinations are made of income, operating costs, and capital expenditures for television operations of the licensees. Employment data are tabulated for all employment and minority employment in terms of employment status, sex, and occupation. Data on broadcast hours are computed and presented in terms of total broadcast hours, type of programing, programing hours by day of week, and source of programing. These programing hours are derived from station estimates of a typical week's daily broadcast hours for the periods when local schools are insession and not-in-session. Figures thus derived cannot be considered to be exact. For data on production, local production hours are computed by type of programing, production, and distribution.

Previous fiscal years' data (historical data) available on the subject are also presented to show trends of public television licensees through fiscal year 1974. To show the varying characteristics of licensee and station activities, data are presented arranalyzed by three variables; type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size.

Four Types of Licensees

The licensees were categorized into four types in terms of the organizations to whom the television licenses were given. Such as:

> Institutions of H: wher Education-Universities and colleges.

> Local Public School Systems-Local administrative units that primarily operate schools or contract for school services. These units may or may not be coterminous with county, city, or town boundaries.

State/Municipal Authorities—State boards of education, State authorities, and commissions set up by acts of legislation specifically to operate public stations and networks. Also included are the one municipal authority established by the city of New York and the four nondomestic licensees in American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

Community Organizations—Independently created corporations and foundations not part of State or local governments.

Five Geographic Regions (Aggregate United States)

The geographic regions are delineated according to the television's regional network systems.

Northeast

(Regional Network:

Eastern Educational

Television Network)

Connecticut Delaware³

District of Columbia

Maine Maryland Massachusetts

New Hampsnire New Jersey

New York Pennsylvania

Rhode island Vermont

West Virginia

'West

(Regional Networks:

Rocky Mountain Public Broadcasting Network and Western Educational Network)

Alaska Arizona California Colorado Hawaii idaho · Montana³ Nevada New Mexico Oregon Utah Washington

Wyoming³

Central

(Regional Networks:

Central Educational Network and Midwestern

Educational Television)

Illinois Indiana lowa Kansas Michigan Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota

Ohio

South Dakota Wisconsin

South

(Regional Network:

Southern Educational Communications Association)

Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky .. Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virginia



Outlying Areas

American Samoa
Canal Zone³
Guam
Puerto Rico
Trust Territory of
Pacific Islands³
Virgin Islands of U.S.

Five Adjusted Budget Sizes

Adjusted budget sizes were based on the licensees' operating expenses and the estimated value of institutional support from the supporting organizations. The smallest and the largest categories were arbitrarily determined, with all seven major production centers included in the largest budget size category.

Under \$200,000 \$200,000 - \$599,999 \$600,000 - \$999,999 \$1,000,000 - \$3,374,999 \$3,375,000 and over The data contained in this report were collected in the 1974 Annual Survey of Public Television Licensees conducted between August 1974 and April 1975 by the Corporation for Public Broadcasting. All 156 licensees returned the questionnaires. Of this total, 154 licensees were on the air during the fiscal year. In most cases data were gathered from station general managers or executive directors. All information from the survey was manually edited and checked for errors. Follow-up procedures were employed to make necessary corrections. Verified data were then entered into the computer files and checked again to ensure accuracy. Since the basic data used In this report were actual and total counts, inferential statistical tests were not demonstrated and all data are presented simply in terms of the actual number, mean, and percentage. Definitions of the selected terms are presented in Appendix B.

II. PUBLIC TELEVISION LICENSEES AND STATIONS

As of Jun 3 1974, there were 154 public television licensees in the aggregate United States. This is an increase of 2.7 percent over the previous fiscal year. These licensees owned and operate 243 stations on the air. The following table shows the number of licensees and stations operating on the air since fiscal year 1970:

Public television licensees and stations, fiscal years 1970-1974 in the Aggregate United States

Type of licensee	FY 1970	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974
All types		•			
Number of licensees	128	133	138	150	154
Number of stations	195	207	22 3	236	243
Institutions of higher education					
Number of licensees	43	44	49	53	53
Number of stations	59	61	67	72	74
Public school systems					
Number of licensees	23	22	19	~ 195	19
Number of stations	24	23	21	20	20
State/municipal authorities					
Number of licensees	18	21	21	26	26
Number of stations	60	67	. 74	81	84
Community organizations					
Number of licensees	44	46	49	52	56
Number of stations	52	56	61	63 ,,	65



¹A licensee is an independently operated broadcast organization.

²A station is a unit with a set of call letters that transmits a television signal on a single channel.

³Had no public television licensee as of June 30, 1974.

III. FINANCE

INCOME

Total Money Income

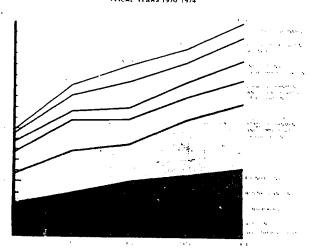
Total income for television operations for 154 licensees amounted to \$199.7 million during fiscal year 1974, up 14.4 percent over the 1973 total income of \$174.7 million. The following table summarizes the growth of PTV licensees' income since fiscal year 1970:

Money income of PTV licensees: fiscal years 1970-1974

Fiscal year	Number of licensees	Income
		(In thousands)
1970	128	\$ 99.9 56
1971	133	140,816
1972	138	157,915
1973	150	174,653
1974	154	199,766

Among the major sources, income from business and industry showed the largest increase (53.2 percent) between fiscal years 1973 and 1974. The State boards of education were the next largest increase (50.2 percent) during the neriod, followed by other local governments (32.5 percent), public broadcasting agencies (32.2 percent), and subscribers (26.9 percent). However income from foundations suffered a 14.5 percent decrease during the same period (figure 1 and table 4).

FIGURE 1 MONEY INCOME OF PUBLIC TEL VISION LICENSEES BY MAJOR SOURCES FISCAL YEARS 1970-1974



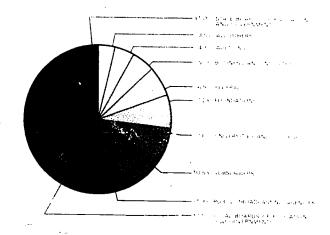
Community licensees received the largest amount of income (\$94.8 million or 47.4 percent), while local public school system licensees reported the smallest amount -(\$14.2 million or 7.1 percent). In terms of mean income per licensee. State/municipal licensees were first with \$2.1 million, closely followed by community licensees with \$1.7 million (table 5).

Income by Source

During fiscal year 1974, the largest amount of income for all licensees came from other State governments (17.4 percent), followed by State boards of education (13.6 percent), and public broadcasting agencies (11.9 percent). The Federal Government contributed 6.5 percent of the total income; however, this represents only the amounts that the Federal Government contributed directly to the licensees. In addition, sizable amounts of Federal monies were distributed to the licensees through CPB. Accordingly, the real Federal amount was about 17 percent of the total income received by public television licensees during the period (figure 2 and tables 4 and 5).

FIGURE 2 PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC TELEVISION LICENSEES INCOME BY SOURCE FISCAL YEAR 1974

(total cash income: \$199,788,261)



Patterns of income by source varied widely among types of licensees. The recipients of the largest amounts of funds from institutions of higher education, local school boards, State school boards, and other State government sources were the corresponding types of public television licensees. Most of the funds from foundations, auctions, business and industry, and subscribers and individuals went to community licensees. Although CPB allocated its funds to all types of licensees, most of its funds were distributed to community licensees. Direct contributions to the licensees from the Federal Government were primarily distributed under HEW Facilities Grants (58.7 percent of the total) to all licensees (table 5).

Income by State

Income sources of public television licensees varied greatly among States. Seventeen percent of money income of all licensees was received from Federal and CPB sources, 51.0 percent from local and State tax sources⁴, and the remaining 32.1 percent from all other sources. In some

'Local and State tax sources include income from local boards of education, local governments, State boards of education, State governments, and State Institutions of higher education.



States, local and State tax monies comprised almost the entire income of the licensees, while only a fraction of the licensees' income was attributed to such sources in other States. (For detailed information see Appendix A.)

Public television licensees in the States and U.S. territories listed below received over 80 percent of their total cash income from local and State tax sources in fiscal year 1974:

Alaska	Maryland	South Carolina
Arkansas	Mississippi	West Virginia
Georgia	New Jersey	Guam
lowa	North Carolina	Puerto Rico
Kentucky	Okla homa	Virgin Islands

The licensees in the following States received less than 30 percent of their income from local and State tax sources.

California	Iowa	Texas
District of	Massachusetts	Utah
Columbia	Minnesota	American Samoa
Indiana	North Dakota	

Subscribers and Subscription income of Public Television

Subscription income for all licensees amounted to \$21.1 million during fiscal year 1974, representing a 26.9 percent increase over 1973. Subscribers also increased in 1974, up 32.3 percent over 1973. Subscription income and the number of subscribers by type of licensee are presented in the following table:

Number of subscribers and subscription income of public television licensees. Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Type of Licensee	Number of subscribers	เดยอกา a from ลบอลิสา iptio n
All licensees	1,021,414	\$21,094,735
Institution of higher education	72,613	1,220,268
Public school systems	10,427	126,608
State/municipal authorities	7,340	119,719
Community organizations	931,034	19,628,140

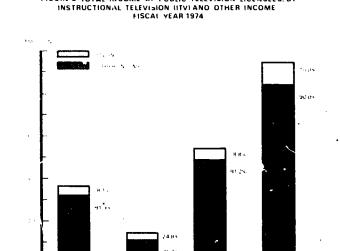
As this table indicates, nearly 93 percent of total subscription income of all licensees and 91.2 percent of the total subscribers were attributed to community licensees (table 4).

Earmarked Income

income earmarked for contracted instructional television services (ITV) was estimated to be \$20.7 million during fiscal year 1974. This was 10.4 percent of the total money income for television operations of all licensees. Other earmarked income amounted to \$18.8 million for national program underwriting, \$12.1 million for local underwriting.

5.1 million for other production contracts, and \$28.7 million for capital expenditures (figure 3 and table 2).

FIGURE 3 TOTAL INCOME OF PUBLIC TELEVISION LICENSEES, BY



Major earmarked income of public television licensees: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

5-14 8

Major earmarked income	Amount
	(in thousands)
National underwriting	\$18,778
Local underwriting	12,068
Other production contract	5,113.
Instructional television (ITV)	20,703
Capital expenditures	28,745 _.

Institutional Support and Gifts

Total institutional support exceeded \$20.4 million during fiscal year 1974. This is not money income but an estimated dollar amount for the free services and tangible help for television operations received by the licensees from other supporting institutions. Of this amount, 44.7 percent was reported by institutions of higher education and 31.6 percent was reported by community licensees.

The total amount of gifts-in-kind was estimated at slightly less than ½ million. Most of these gifts (54.8 percent of the total) were contributed to State/municipal licensees (table 2).

As the following table shows, the combined amounts of institutional support and gifts have substantially increased every year since fiscal year 1970:



institutional support and gifts of PTV licensees: fiscal years 1970-1974

Fiscal year	Number of ilcensees	institutional support and gifts (In thousands)
1970	12 8	\$ 5.500
1971	133	8,421
1972	, 138	10.439
1973	150	15,774
1974	154	20,950

DIRECT OPERATING COSTS

Total Direct Operating Costs

Direct operating costs of the 154 licensee: amounted to \$161.7 million during fiscal year 1974, an increase of 17.9 percent over the costs for the 150 licensees in fiscal year 1973. The most notable increases over fiscal year 1973 were in the categories of training and personnel development (38.0 percent) and production (32.4 percent), whereas the spending on programing decreased (6.5 percent) during the same period (tables 3, 6 and 7).

Direct operating costs of PTV licensees: fiscal years 1970-1974

Fiscai year	Number of ilicensees	Direct operating costs (In thousands)
1 97 0	128	\$ 83,677
1971	133	113.362
1972	138	122,860
1973	150	137,232
1974	154	161,732

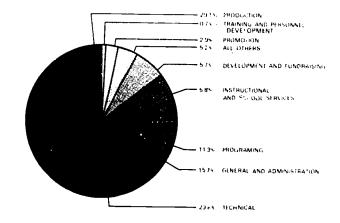
Direct Operating Costs by Disbursement Purpose

Of the total direct operating costs, (\$161.7 million) 54.0 percent was expended for salaries and the remaining 46.0 percent was spent for other expenses during the reporting period (table 7). Under more specific categories the largest portion of the total direct operating costs was spent -- for production (29.1 percent), followed by technical costs (23.6 percent), and general and administrative costs (15.7 percent). This pattern of disbursement differed among licensee types, especially in the categories of production, technical, instructional and school services, and development and fundraising. Community and public school licensees expended the largest portion of their monies on production, while State/municipal authorities and university licensees reported the greatest expenditures for technical purposes. Community licensees spent a considerable amount on development and fundraising (9.4 percent), while all other types spent only small amounts for this purpose. Local public school systems expended 18.9 percent of their total costs, for instructional and school

services, whereas community licensees spent 3.4 percent of their operating costs for this purpose (figure 4 and table 8).

FIGURE 4 PERCENTAGE OISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC TELEVISION LICENSCEE'S DIRECT OPERATING COSTS: FISCAL YEAR 1974

(total direct operating costs: \$161,731,846)



CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Gross Capital Expenditures

Total gross capital expenditures during fiscal year 1974 amounted to \$30.4 million, which represents a 1.4 percent decrease from fiscal year 1973. The gross capital expenditures of public television licensees during the last fiscal years were as follows:

Gross capital expenditures of PTV licensees: fiscal years 1970-1974

Fiscai year	Number of licensees	Gross capital expenditures (in thousands)
1970	128	\$ 20.460
1971	133	29,220
1972	138	36,211
1973	150	30,868
1974	154	30,428

The leading categories of specific capital expenditures were transmitters (15.2 percent), buildings (11.5 percent), TV cameras (11.1 percent), and videotape recorders (11.1 percent) (table 9).

State/municipal authorities spent 36.8 percent of the total capital expenditures, followed by community licensees (32.7 percent), institutions of higher education (22.2 percent), and local public school systems (8.3 percent) (tables 3 and 9).





Total Gross Capital Expenditures to Date

Total capital expenditures to date 'accumulated expenditures) plus gifts-in-kind reached \$312.4 million at the end of fiscal year 1974. Community licensees spent the largest amount of this total, \$107.4 million, while public school systems expended the smalles amount, \$23.3 million.

Capital expenditures to date of public television licensees: Fiscal Year 1974

Type of Licensee	Amount (in thousands)	Percent
Total, capital expenditures		
to date	\$312,403	100.0
Institutions of higher		
education	84,720	27.1
Locai public school		
systems	23,262	7.4
State/municipal authorities	97,014	31.1
Community organizations	107,407	34.4

Current capital expenditures in a given fiscal year do not represent the overall capital investments and viability of licensees and stations in operation. It merely shows how much capital expenditures were during the fiscal year. The total gross capital expenditures to date shows how much public television licensees had invested since their origination. However, the amount of capital expenditures to date in this report was not adjusted for depreciation or appreciation over the years.



ALL EMPLOYMENT

All Employees and Employment Status

Employment counts were made as of June 30, 1974 for persons who worked for television operations exclusively and for persons who worked for both television and radio operations of dual licensees (joint employees). Most of the joint employees worked primarily for television operations.

In 1974, the 154 public television licensees employed 9,-293 persons in the aggregate United States: 7,100 full-time and 2,193 part-time. Of these, 8,578 worked exclusively for television and 715 worked for both television and radio operations. Of the total, 69.6 percent were males and 30.4 percent were females. In 1974 the number of public television licensee employees increased by 9.6 percent over 1973. The increase was greater among full-time employees (11.2 percent), than among part-time employees (4.6 percent).

Full-Time Employees

Of the 7,100 full-time employees, 6,567 were television

only employees and 533 were joint employees. Full-time male employees outnumbered females by about 7 to 3.

As the following table shows, the total number of full-time: employees has steadily increased over the past 5 fiscal years, 1970-74:

The percent change for 1973-74 showed an 11.2 percent increase in employment with an 8.8 percent increase for male employees and a 17.3 percent increase for females. The overall pattern for employment is similar for the 5 year period: the number of full-time employees increased by 32.6 percent with the females showing the highest increase, 40.8 percent, compared to the males, 29.5 percent-(tables 10, 11 and 12).

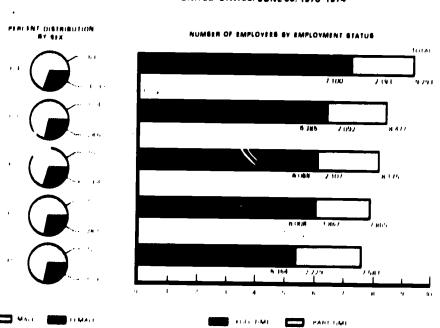
Part-Time Employees

Of the total 2,193 employees in this category, 2,011 were television-only employees and 182 were joint employees. More male than female part-time workers were employed by public television licensees, 66.9 percent were male and 33.1 percent were female .(tables 10, 11 and 12).

Full-time employees of public television licensees: Aggregate United States, 1970-1974

Number of licensees (All employees)	1970 (128) (7,583)	1971 (133) (7, 86 5)	1972 (138) (8,175)	1973 (150) (8,47 <u>7</u>)	1974 (154) (9,293)	% Change 1973-74 (+ 2.7)	% Change 1970-74 (+21.9)
Full-time employees	5,354	• • •	, , ,	•		(+ 9.6)	(+22.6)
Percent	100.0	6,008 100.0	6,068 100.0	6,385 100.0	7,100 100.0	+11.2	+ 32.6
Male Percent of total	3.869	4,327	4,426	4,603	5,009	+ 8.8	+ 29.5
Female	72.3 1.485	72.0 1. 68 1	72 <i>.</i> 9 1, 64 2	72.1 1.782	70.5	. 47.0	
Percent of total	27.7	28.0	27.1	1,762 27. 9	2,091 29.5	+17.3	+ 40.8

FIGURE 5 ALL EMPLOYEES OF PUBLIC TELEVISION LICENSEES BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND BY SEX AGGREGATE UNITED STATES, JUNE 30, 1970-1974





All Employees and Type of Occupation

Of the total 7,100 full-time employees, 37.6 percent were classified as management and supervisory positions and 62.4 percent were classified as other. The greatest proportion of the management and supervisory personnel were males (78.9 percent); only 21.1 percent were females. As the following table indicates, only a small number of part-time workers were classified as management and supervisory personnel (2.5 percent).

Public television licensees' full-time and part-time management and supervisory personnel and other personnel: Aggregate United States, June 30, 1974

	All	Management	Other
Total	9.293	2,725	6,568
Percent	100.0	29.3	70.7
Full-time	7,100	2,671	4,429
Percent	100.0	37.6	62.4
Part-time	2.193	54	2,139
Percent	100.0	2.5	97.5

MINORITY EMPLOYMENT

The minority employment statistics contained in this report are based on data for four minority groups in the United States: Black. Spanish surnamed, American Indian, and oriental. As the term "minority" has different meanings in various outlying areas (American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands), inclusion of minority employees as a proportion of all employees in this region would be greatly misleading and would not provide a valid basis for comparison. Accordingly, such data from the outlying areas are excluded from the minority counts.

Minority Employees and Employment Status

As of June 30, 1974, the public television licensees in the United States reported 1,081 minority employees (997 television-only and 84 joint employees). Of these, 756 were full-time and the remaining 325 were part-time.

These 1.081 minority employees constitute 11.6 percent of the total employees of public television licensees in the United States. As in the case of all employees, in all types of employment status, males outnumbered females, although the magnitudes of difference in employment rates between the sexes were not as distinctive (figure 6 and table 17).

Minority Employees and Type of Minority Group

As the following table indicates, Blacks ied employee counts in both full-time and part-time status among the four minority groups, followed by Spanish-surnamed employees. Orientals and American Indians were represented in very small numbers.

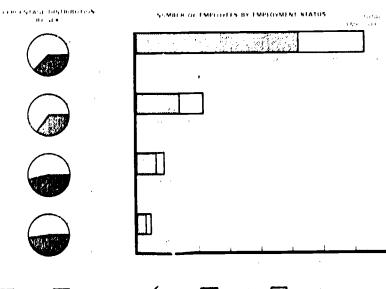
Minority Employment by Minority Group: United States, June 30, 1974

Minority group	Total	Full-time	Part-time
Total	1,081	756	325
Black	731	520	211
Spanished-surnamed	212	144	68
American Indian	46	29	17
Orientai	92	63	29

Minority Employees and Type of Occupation

Minority employees were generally under-represented among management and supervisory employees in the United States; 7.3 percent, or 159 of the total management and supervisory employees, 2,178, in the United States.

FIGURE 6 MINORITY FULL TIME AND PART TIME EMPLOYEES OF PUBMIC TELEVISION LICENSES BY TYPE OF MINORITY GROUP AND SEX. UNITED STATES, JUNE 30, 1974





V. BROADCAST AND PRODUCTION

A television station is "a unit that transmits a single television signal on a single channel." In public television, a considerable number of stations are equipped only with transmitting facilities and have no production facilities (studios). A number of public television stations during fiscal year 1974 were simply "repeaters." On the other hand, most "Icensees managed a station or stations that operated one or more production facilities. Therefore, in this report, all broadcast activities were examined by stations and all production analyses were based on licensees.

There were 154 public television licensees and 243 stations on the air during fiscal year 1974, an increase of 4 licensees and 7 stations over the previous fiscal year. Since several of these new licensees and stations were in operation for a relatively short period during the year, statistics for these stations and licensees would have a distorting influence on the annual broadcast and production patterns of public television. To avoid such misleading statistics these new stations and licensees were eliminated from the analyses in this section of the report. Accordingly, the 235 stations on the air from the beginning of fiscal year 1974 and the 149 licensees active throughout that interval were designated as the basic units for the analysis.

BROADCAST HOURS

Annual Broadcast Hours and Type of Programing

During fiscal year 1974, the 235 public television stations broadcast a total of 910.149 hours in the aggregate United States, up 12.4 percent over the previous fiscal year. The number of stations also increased by 6.3 percent during the period. The annual mean broadcast hours per station rose sizably, a 5.7 percent increase.

Annual broadcast hours of an average PTV station, fiscal years 1970-1974

	Annual mean
	broadcast hours
	3,171
4	3,314
	3,431
	3. 66 3
	3, 6 73
	4

The annual mean broadcast hours per station for general audience programing increased by 9.7 percent, while classroom programming decreased by 2.6 percent. This increase of general audience programing was largely due to the increase in air-time during the week-ends (figure 7 and table 19).

During this reporting period, 70.5 percent of all air time was transmitted for general audience programing and the remaining 29.5 percent for classroom use. This difference in air time by type of programing was most apparent among stations licensed to universities, while it was less distinct among those stations licensed to local public school systems and State/municipal authorities. State/municipal stations were largest in both total broadcast hours and mean broadcast hours per station, followed by stations licensed to community organizations and universities. Compared to other types of stations, school stations devoted the largest proportion of all broadcast hours to classroom programing (tables 19-22).

Broadcast Hours by Source

The Public Broadcasting Service (PBS), the national interconnection, increased its position as the largest source of programing, providing 46.4 percent of the total hours broadcast in fiscal year 1974. Since 1971, when it was the leading source of programing for the first time with 27.5 percent of total broadcast time, PBS jumped to 39.2 percent in 1972, and 45.6 percent in 1973. However, the growth rate of PBS programing had slowed down somewhat in 1974. Locally produced programs, the leading source of programing until fiscal year 1970, slipped from 23.0 percent in 1971, to 21.1 percent in 1972, and 16.7 percent in 1973. In 1974 local programing declined to 17.0 percent but still remained the leading source of classroom programing (25.2 percent). Regional Interconnection, Agency for Instructional Television/National instructional Television (AIT/NIT). State interconnection, and commercial syndicates were the other notable sources of programing during the period (figure 7 and tables 24-26).

Percent distributions of PTV broadcast hours by type of programming; fiscal years 1970-1974

Type of programing FY 1970 FY 1971 FY 1972 FY 1973 FY 1974
Total 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

Total Classroom General	100.0 34.3	100.0 35.4	100.0 34.0	100.0 3 2 .1	100.0 29.5
audience	65.7	64.6	66.0	67.9	70.5

Broadcaat Hours by Day of Week

The weekly broadcast schedules of public television stations varied for the school-in-session and not-in-session. On the average the broadcast schedule for the in-school period ran for 36 weeks and the schedule for out-of-school period ran for 16 weeks.

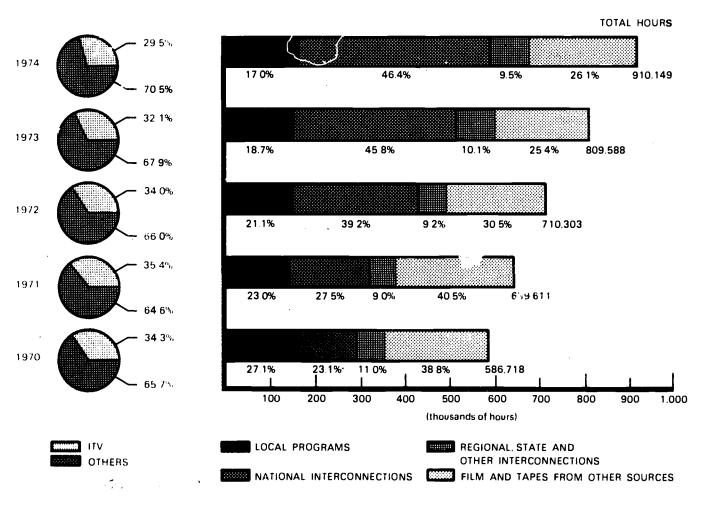
During the school-in-session period, broadcast hours per day differed considerably according to the day of the week, with stations on the air longer on weekdays (Monday



FIGURE 7. BROADCAST HOURS OF PTV LICENSEES, BY TYPE OF PROGRAMING AND SOURCE OF PROGRAMING: FISCAL YEARS 1970–1974



SOURCE OF PROGRAMING



Percent distribution of PTV broadcast hours by source of programming, fiscal years 1970-1974

Source of programing	FY 1970	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Local	27.1	23.0	21.1	18.7	17.0
National interconnection (PBS)	23.1	27.5	39.2	45.8	46.4
Other interconnection	1 1.0 ,	9.0	9.2	10.1	9.5
All other sources	38.8	40.5	30.5	25.4	27.1

through Friday: 13.4 hours per day) than on weekends (Saturday and Sunday: 11.1 and 7.6 hours respectively). By programing type, 62.4 percent of the time was devoted to general audience and the remaining 37.6 percent was for classroom programing (tables 27, 29, and 30).

During the school-not-in-session period, most stations broadcast almost exclusively general audience programs (94.2 percent), and only 5.8 percent of air time was devoted to classroom use (tables 28, 31 and 32).

In summary, classroom programing was on the air primarily when local schools were reported to be insession, and programing for general audience was broadcast evenly all year round.

PRODUCTION HOURS

Total Production Hours and Type of Production

Total production hours during fiscal year 1974 totaled 39. 679. an increase of 8.3 percent over 1973. These 149 licensees produced nearly 70 percent of their programs in color. This shows a tremendous increase in color production considering that only a few years ago such production was merely 36.4 percent of the total production. In 1974 an average licensee produced 266 hours of programs, an increase of 2.3 percent over fiscal year 1973 (figure 8 and table 33).

Production Hours and Type of Programing

Total producton hours for general audience use amounted to 80.0 percent of the total and the remaining 20.0 percent was for classroom use. More than half of the production hours for classroom use were made in black and white (59.2 percent), while production hours for general audience were mostly produced in color (76.6 percent). General audience programs were largely produced on tape (55.7 percent) and live (42.1 percent); classroom programs were mostly produced on tape (93.2 percent).

Production hours for classroom use increased considerably (20.7 percent) over the previous year, while hours produced for general audience increased by 5.6 percent (tables 33 and 35). The percent distributions of production hours by type of programing during the last 4 years are represented below:

Percent distributions of PTV (icensees' production hours by type of programing, fiscal years 1971 - 1974

Type of programing	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Classroom (ITV)	26.6	21.8	17.9	20.0
General audience	73.4	78.2	82.1	80.0

Production Hours and Type of Distribution

Of the total production hours, programs produced for local distribution were the leading category (74.7 percent), followed by regional and other interconnections (21.9 percent), and national distribution (3.4 percent). Of programs produced for national distribution, most (74.7 percent) were produced for PBS.

Percentage distribution of PTV-licensees' production hours by type of distribution: fiscal years 1970-1974

Type of distribution	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Local	71.1	70.9	74.7
Regional and other	26.1	25.8	21.9
National	2.8	3.3	3.4

Production hours by type of distribution varied widely among types of licensees. Although all licensee types produced most of their programs for local distribution, public school systems provided nearly 93 percent of the production for such purpose, while State/municipal licensees produced their programs for both local (65 percent) and State network (32 percent) distribution. Community licensees provided the largest number of program hours for national distributions (figure 8 and tables 36 and 37).

Production Hours for Minority Programs

In fiscal year 1974, 3,228 or 8.1 percent of the total production hours were devoted to ethnic, racial, and religious minority group programs, as shown in the following table:

Production hours for minority programs by type of licensee, fiscal year 1974

	lumber of licensees	Minority hours	Mean
All licensees	149	3,228	21.7
Institutions of higher educat	tion 52	1,088	20.9
Local public school systems	3 18	270	15.0
State/municipal authorities	26	841	23.3
Community organizations	53	1,029	19.4



FIGURE 8. PRODUCTION HOURS OF PTV LICENSEES: FISCAL YEARS 1971–1974

TYPE OF PROGRAMING 26.6% 17.9% 20.0% ITV 21.8% **GENERAL** 82.1% 80.0% 73.4% 78.2% **AUDIENCES** FY1973 FY1974 FY1971 FY1972 TYPE OF COLOR 36.4% 46.6% 61.7% 69.5% COLOR BLACK AND WHITE 63.6% 53.4% 38.3% 30.5% FY1971 FY1972 FY1973 FY1974 TYPE OF PRODUCTION FILM 2.8% 2.5% 2.2% 2.3% TAPE 63.6% 63.0% 62.3% 63.2% LIVE 33.6% 34.5% 35.5% 34.5% FY1972 FY1974 FY1971 FY1973 TYPE OF DISTRIBUTION

3.4% 2.8% 3.3% **NATIONAL** 26.1% 25.8% 21.9% REGIONAL, STATE AND OTHERS LOCAL 70.9% 74.7% 71.1% FY1972 FY1973 FY1974



SUMMARY TABLES

Table 1.--Total income, transferred income, and loan income for television operations of public television licensees, by type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size:

Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

	Incoming funds						
Type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size	Number of licensees	Total income	Transferred income	Loan income			
Total Percent	15 4 100.0	\$199,788,261 100.0	\$25,732,388 100.0	\$2,793,967 100.0			
Type of licensee:							
Institutions of higher education Percent of total	53 34.4	36,220,937 18.1	2,947,307 11.5	15,688 0.6			
Local public school systems Percent of Total	19 12.3	14,223,032 7,1	755,241 2.9	0.0			
State/municipal authorities Percent of total Community organizations	26 16.9 56 36.4	54,543,575 27.3 94,800,717 47.5	5,272,774 20.5 16,757,066 65.1	0 0.0 2,778,279 99.4			
Geographic region:							
Northeast Percent of total	31 20.1	71,444,081 35.7	13,956,829 54.2 5,675,502	1,777,788 63.6 385,610			
Central Percent of total South	44 28.6 41	39,231,197 19.6 53,226,854	22.1 4,482,078	13.8 449,581 16.1			
Percent of total West Percent of total	26.6 34 22.1	26.7 30,341,782 15.2	17.4 1,572,881 6.1	. 180,988 6,5			
Outlying areas Percent of total	2.6	5,544,347 2.8	45,098 0.2	0.0			
Adjusted budget size:							
Below \$200,000 Percent of total	13 8,4	2,455,926 2,1	251,834 1.0	102,000 3. 164,91			
\$200,000 - \$599,999 Percent of total	52 33.8	24,197,667 12.1	2,901,314 11.3 4,514,868	5. 30,87			
\$600,000 - \$999,999 Percent of total	22.1	35,157,518 17.7	17.5 11,882,392	450,43			
\$1,000,000 - \$3,374,999 Percent of total	46 29.9	77,877,080 38.9	46.2 6.181,980	16. 2.045,75			
\$3,375,000 and over Percent of total	9 5.8	60,100,070 30.1	24.0	73.			



1.16

Table 2.--Institutional support, gifts, and instructional television (ITV) income for television operations of public television licensees, by type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

	Instructional support, gifts, and ITV income						
Type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size	Number of licensees	Institutional support	Gifts	Instructional television income			
Total Percent	154 100 ₋ 0	\$20,465,920 100.0	\$483,935 100.0	\$20,703,080 100.0			
Type of licensee:							
Institutions of higher education Percent of total Local public school	53 34 . 4	9.146,714 44.7	48,842 10.1	2,945,393 14.2			
Percent of total	19 12 _. 3	1,684,673 8.2	83,725 17.3	3,525,356 17.0			
State/municipal author- ities Percent of total Community organizations Percent of total	26 16.9 56 36.4	3,167,912 15.5 6,466,621 31.6	265,326 54.8 86,042 17.8	4,782,723 23.1 9,449,608 45.7			
Geographic region:							
Northeast Percent of total Central Percent of total South Percent of total West Percent of total Outlying areas Percent of total	31 20.1 44 28.6 41 26.6 34 22.1 4	6,477,277 31.7 4,769,186 23.3 5,727,681 28.0 3,360,776 16.4 131,000 0.6	51,558 10.6 282,137 58.3 73,365 15.2 76,875 15.9 0	5,220,087 25.2 3,408,202 16.4 8,173,236 39.5 2,373,087 11.5 1,528,468 7.4			
Adjusted budget size:							
Below \$200,000 Percent of total \$200,000 - \$599,999 Percent of total \$600,000 - \$999,999 Percent of total \$1,000,000 - \$374,999 Percent of total \$3,375,000 and over Percent of total	13 8.4 52 33.8 34 22.1 46 29.9 9	545,915 2.7 4,058,631 19.8 5,283,366 25.8 8,354,674 40.8 2,223,334 10.9	61,847 12.8 291,422 60.2 58,318 12.1 72,348 14.9 0	154,487 0.7 2,504,036 12.1 4,719,951 22.8 10,865,476 52.5 2,459,130			

Table 3.--Direct operating costs, gross capital expenditures, transferred funds, and repayment of loans for television operations of public television licensees, by type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

		Disbursement of funds					
Type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size	Number of licensees	Oirect operating costs	Gross capital expendiutres	Transferred to next fiscal year	Repayment . of loans		
Total Percent	154 100,0	\$167,731,846 100.0	\$30,427,735 100.0	\$34,577,295 100.0	\$10,635,508 100,0		
Type of licensee:							
Institutions of higher education Percent of total	53 34.4	28,664,735 17.7	6,760,706 22,2	3,693,531 10.7	60,346 0,5		
Local public school systems Percent of total	19 12.3	10,056,875 6,2	2,520,955 8.3	2,608 122	77,595 0.7		
State/municip.l author- ities Percent of total Community organizations Percent of total	26 16.9 56 36.4	39,049,289 24.1 83,960,±47 52.0	11,185,544 36,8 9,960,530 32,7	9,789,405 28,3 18,486,237 53,5	91,400 1.0 10,406,167 97.8		
Goegraphic region:							
Northeast Percent of total Central Percent of total South Percent of total West Percent of total Outlying areas Percent of total	31 20.1 44 28.6 41 26.6 34 22.1 4	64,529,222 39.9 28,374,211, 17.5 39,242,845 24.3 25,069,542 15.5 4,516,026 2.8	7,806,681 25.7 9,863,997 32.4 7,350,754 24.2 4,568,303 15.0 838,000	13,548,204 39.2 6,063,882 17.5 11,890,258 34.3 2,702,550 7.8 372,401	7,418,169 69,7 1,365,502 12,9 1,253,313 11.8 598,524 5.6 0		
Adjusted budget size: Below \$200,000 Percent of total \$200,000 - \$599,999 Percent of total \$600,000 - \$999,999 Percent of total \$1,000,000 - \$3,374,999 Percent of total \$3,375,000 and over Percent of total	13 8.4 52 33.8 34 22.1 46 29.9 9	1,468,556 1.0 16,675,190 10.3 21,379,748 13.2 64,689,833 40.0 57,518,519	5,109,659 16.8 7,104,473 23.4 12,539,822 41.2 4,666,448	437,907 1.3 4,855,128 14.0 13,027,259 37.7 11,243,985 32.5 5,013,016 14.5	125,22 1,352,54 12,928,27 8,1,785,78 1,785,78 16,443,68		

Table 4.--Total income for television operations of public television licensees, by source of fincome:
Aggregate United States, fiscal years 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, and 1974

		Percent change				
Source of income (Number of licensees)	FY 1970 (128)	FY 1971 (133)	FY 1972 (138)	FY 1973 (150)	FY 1974 (154)	1973 - 1974
All sources Per ent	\$99,956,372 100.0	\$140,816,318	\$157,914,742 100.0	\$174,653,199 100.0	\$199,788,261 100.0	+ 14.4
ederal Gover ment Percent of total HEW facilities grant All others	4,631,732 4.6	8,934,954 6,3 8,062,613 872,341	14,169,155 9.0 11,628,383 2,540,772	12,635,590 7.2 10,787,318 1,848,272	13,034,718 6.5 7,653,626 5,381,092	+ 3.2
Public broadcasting agencies Percent of total	8,194,268 8.2	14,766,453 10.5	16,586,119 10.5	17,940,300 10.3	23,713,452 11,9	+ 32.2
Corporation for Public Broadcasting All others		12,033,867 2,732,586	14,194,969 2,391,150	14,072,889 3,867,411	20,373,119 3,340,333	+ 44.8 - 13.6
nstitutions of higher education • Percent of to:al	9,277,270 9.3	9,553,531 6.8	19,486,692 12.3	14,255,718	15,089,480 7,6	+ 5,8
State colleges and universities	8,818,588	8,914,109	18,939,583	13,584,260	13,813,324	+ 1.7
Other colleges and universities	458,682	639,422	547,109	671,458	1,276,156	+ 90.1
ocal boards of education Percent of total	17,349,586 17.4	17,111,870 12.1	17,690,611 11.2	18,322,046 10.5	19,759,195 9.9	+, 7.8
Other local government sources Percent of total	3,390,577 3,4	2,948,048 2.1	3,028,302 1.9	3,862,203	5,119,165 2,6	+ 32.5
State boards of education Percent of total	10,658,22, 10.7	14,994,538 10.6	13,694,998 8.7	18,091,787 10.4	27,178,118 13.6	+ 50.2
Other State government sources Percent of total	16,929,167 16.9	31,559,011 22.4	23,741,906 15.0	33.836,881 19.3	34,720,573 17.4	+ 2.6
oundations	8,498,892	15,880,903	18,330,874	16,837,133	14,399,332	- 14.5
Percent of total National foundations Other foundations	8.5 7,401,673 1,097,219	14,465,464	11.6 15.904.218 2.426.656	9.6 13,373,396 3,463,737	10,282,619 4,116,713	- 23.1 + 18.9
Business and industry Percent of total	2.122,333	3,043,999 2.2	2,554,197 1.6	6,582,051* 3.8	10,081,141 5.0	+ 53.2
iubscribers and industry Percent of total	6,412,577 6.4	8,444,612 6.0	10,356,682 6.6	16,619,298 9.5	21,094,735 10,5	+ 26.9
uctions Percent of total	3,453,241 3.5	3,883,302 2.8	5,671,592 3.6	7,487,805 4.3	8,527,688 4,3	+ 13.9
All other sources Percent of total	9,038,508	9,695,097	12,603,614	8,182,387* 4.7	7,070,664 3.5	- 13.6

^{*} These sudden changes from the previous fiscal year are due to alterations in the 1973 survey instrument rather than a real income change for each of these items.



Table 5.--Total income for television operations of public television licensees, by type of licensee and source of income: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

	Total income, by *ype of licensee							
Source of income	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal authority	Community organi- zations			
(Number of licensees)	(154)	(53)	(19)	(26)	(56)			
All sources Percent	\$199,788,261 100.0	\$36,220,937 100.0	\$14,223,032 100.0	\$54,543,575 100.0	\$94,800,717 100.0			
Federal Government Percent of total HEW facilities grant All others	13,034,718 6.5 7,653,626 5,381,C92	1,959,253 5.4 1,396,596 562,657	1,001,646 7.1 948,060 63,586	3,418,528 6.3 2,989,082 429,446	6,645,291 7.0 2,319,888 4,325,403			
Public broadcasting agen- agencies Percent of total CPB/CSG CPB/others All others	23 713,452 11.9 13,364,808 7,038,311 3,340,333	4,892,626 13.5 4,131,177 223,795 537,654	1,222,722 8.6 1,197,603 6,314 18,805	3,126,437 5.7 2,781,602 344,155 680	14,471,667 15.3 5,254,426 6,434,047 2,783,194			
Institutions of higher education Percent of total State colleges and universities Other colleges and universities	15,089,480 7.6 13,813,324 1,276,156	13,675,894 37.8 13,098,024 577,870	38,379 0.3 24,347 14,032	477,253 0.9 477,253	897,954 0.9 213,700 684,254			
Local boards of educa- tion Percent of total	19,759,195 9,9	4,163,776 :1.5	9,246,675 65.0	208,026 0.4	6,140,718 6.5			
Other local government Percent of total	5,119,165 2,6	562,900 1.6	193,220 1.4	3,019,667 5.5	1,343,378 1.4			
State boards of educa- tion Percent of total	27,178,118 13.6	1,865,889 5.1	679,788 4.8	15,387,029 28,2	9,245,412 9.			
Other State government sources Percent of total	34,720,573 17.4	4,672,270 12.9	12,482 0.1	28,391, <i>3</i> 76 52.1	1,643,84 1.			
Foundations Percent of total National foundations Other foundations	14,399,332 7.2 10,282,619 4,116,713	1.2 66,118	15,770 0.1 0 15,770	69,234 0,1 26,500 42,734	13,891,38 14. 10,190,00 3,701,38			
Business and industry Percent of total	10,081,141 5,0	443,479 1,2	1,071,103 7.5	130,552 0.2	8,436,00 8.			
Subscribers and individuals Percent of total	21,094,735 10.5	1,220,268 3.4	126 ,60 8 3.2	119,71 <u>9</u> 0.2	19,628,14 20.			
Auction Percent of total	8,527,688 4.3		150,338 1.1	0.0	7,453,66 7.			
All other sources Percent of total	7,070,664 3,5		454,301 3.2	195,154 0.4	5,003,25 5.			

Table 6.--Total direct operating costs for television operations of public television licensees, by Purpose of direct operating costs: Aggregate United States, fiscal years 1970 - 1974

		Direct operating costs, by fiscal year						
Purpose of direct operating costs (Mumber of licensees)	FY 1970 (128)	FY 1971 (133)	FY 1972 (138)	FY 1973 (150)	FY 1974 (154)	1973 - 1974 (+2.7)		
Total Percent	\$83,677,225	\$113,362,449 100.0	\$122,860,359 100.0	\$137,232,021 100.0	\$161,731,846 100.0	+ 17.9		
Technical Percent Of total	21,325,217 25.5	25,701,889 22.7	26,952,728 21,9	32,968,900 24.0	38,152,280 23.6	+ 15.7		
rograming Percent of total	13,559,988 16.2	17,389,277 15.3	17,158,098 14.0	19,524,527 14,2	18,2 59 ,712 11.3	6.5		
roduction Percent of total	18,531,663 22.1	32,674,145 28.8	33,423,173 27.2	35,560,804 26.0	47,082,741 29.1	+ 32,4		
nstructional and school services Percent of total	6,849,86? 8,2	8,775,832 7,7	8,465,466 6.9	8,588,454 6.3	9,377,099 5.8	+ 9.2		
evelopment and fund raising Percent of total	3,134,405 3.7	4,109,799 3.6	5,301,325 4,3	7,585,912 5.5	9,257,037 5,7	+ 22,0		
romotion Percent of total	2,2 4 5,603 2.7	2,995,395 2,7	3,369,252 2.8	3,766,452 2,7	4,630,870	+ 22.3		
raining and personnel development Percent of total	205.889 0.3	226,624 0,2	99 4 ,793 0.8	828,122 0.6	1,142,669 : ₃₇ 0,7	+ 38.0		
eneral and administrative Percent of total	12,622,529 15.1	%5,551,/13 13.8	20,401,418 16. 6	21,304,459 15,5	25,420,719 15.7	+ 19,3		
ll other operating expenses Percent of tral	5,202,070 6,2	5,837,775 5,2	6,794,106 5,5	7,104,391 5.2	8,408,719 5.2	+ 18,4		



Table 7.--Total direct operating costs for television operations of public television licensees, by salaries and wages and other expenses: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Direct operating costs, by salaries and other expenses

Purpose of direct operating costs	Total operating costs	Salaries and wages	Other expenses
All purposes Percent	\$161,731,846 100.0	87,336,662 100.0	74,395,184 100,0
rechnical Percent of total	38,152,280 23.6	24,982,675 28.6	13,169,605 17.7
rograming . Percent of total	18,259,712 11.3	8,470,154 9.7	9,789,558 13.1
Production Percent of total	47,082,741 29.1	27,891,729 31.9	19, 191 ,012 25.8
nstructional and school services Percent sf total	9,377,099 5.8	5,181,755 5.9	4,195,344 5.6
Development and fund raising Percent of total	9,257,037 5.7	3,217,460 3.7	6,039,577 8.1
romotion Percent of total	4,630,870 2.9	2,171,599 2,5	2,459,271 3,3
raining and personnel development Percent of total	1,142,669 0.7	273,939 0.3	868,730 1.1
General and administrative Percent of total .	25,420,719 15.7	12,552,042 14.4	12,868,677 17.3
All other operating expenses Percent of total	8,408,719 5.2	2,595,309 3.0	5,813,410 8.0

Table 8.--Total direct operating costs for television operations of public television licensees, by type of licensee and purpose of direct operating costs: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

	Direct operating costs, by type of licensee				
Purpose of direct operating costs	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal author- ities	Community organi- zations
(Number of licensees)	(154)	(53)	(19)	(26)	(56)
All purposes Percent	\$161.731.846	\$28,664,735	\$10,056,875	\$39,049,289	\$83,960,947
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Technical	38,152,280	8,579,444	2,229,394	12,255,364	15,088,078
Percent of total	23,6	29.9	22.2	31,4	18.0
Programing Percent of total	18,259,712	4,044,077	1,094,066	4,760,323	8,361,246
	11.3	14.1	10.9	12.2	10.0
Production	47,082,741	7,353,285	2,786,408	8,946,597	27,996,451
Percent of total	29.1	25,7	27.7	22.9	33.3
Instructional and school services Percent of total	9,377,099	1,426,958	1,897,097	3,148,190	2,904,854
	5.8	5.0	18.9	8.1	3.4
Oevelopment and fund raising Percent of total	9,257,037	726,162	149,788	469,440	7,911,647
	5.7	2.5	1.5	1.2	9,4
Promotion	4,630,870	916,745	124,402	826,562	2,763,161
Percent of total		3.2	1.2	2,1	3.3
Training and personnel development Percent of total	1,142,669	237,289	14,994	82,332	808,054
	0.7	0.8	0.1	0,2	1.0
General and administrative Percent of total	25,420,719 15.7	3,914,063 13.7	1,112,564 11.1	5,807,621 14.9	14,586,471 17,4
All other operating expenses Percent of total	8,408,719	1,466,712	648,162	2,752,860	3,540,985
	5.2	5.1	6.4	7.0	4,2



Table 9.--Total gross capital expenditures for television operations of public television licensees, by type of licensee and type of capital expenditures: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Capital 6	expenditures,	by type	of	licensee
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Types of capital expenditures	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal authorities	Community organi- zations
(Number of licensees)	(154)	(53) • NO	(19)	(26) ^	(56)
All expenditures Percent	\$30,427,735 100.0	\$6,760,706 100.0	\$2,520,955 100.0	\$11,185,544 100.0	\$9,960,530 100.0
Land and land improve- ments Percent of total	284,296 0.9	30,852 0.5	0	238,991 2.1	14,453 0.1
Buildings Percent of total	3,488,169 11.5	250,544 3.7	41,791 1.7	935,492 8.4	2,260,342 22.7
Antenna systems Percent of total	2,415,729 7.9	119,412 1.8	320,985 12.7	1,173,249 10,5	802,083 8.1
Transmitters Percent of total	4,639,897	265,597 3.9	239,348 9.5	2,962,580 26.5	1,172,372 11.8
Translators Percent of total	1,095,195	186,715 2.8	0.0	561 ,372 5.0	347,108 3.5
Microwave equipment Percent of total	527 , 887	95,211 1,4	51,560 2.0	201,051 1.8	180,065 1.8
Remote equipment Percent of total	844,352 2,8	440,643	0.0	34,250 0.3	369,459 3.7
Control room equipment Percent of total	2,869,671 9,4	760,909 11.3	142,220	806,285 7.2	1,160,257 11.6
Video tape recorders Percent of total	3,364,952	1,395,458	300,678 11.9	808,742 7.2	860,074 8.6
TV cameras Percent of total	3,378,239	1,394,372	239,414 9.5	1,317,140 11.8	427,313 4.3
Film chains Percent of total	1,463,645 4.8	695,364 10.3	156, 224 6.2	224,436 2.0	387,621 3.9
Other studio equipment Percent of total	2,161,273 7.1	740,101	131,696	504,141 4.5	785,335 7.9
Furniture and office equipment Percent of total	601,020 2.0	78,778 1.2	16,630 0.7	170,421 1.5	335,191 3.4
All other Percent of total	3,293,410	306,750 4.5	880,409 35.0	1,247,394 11.2	858,857 8.6

Table 10.--Total employees of public television licensees, by all employment, minority employment, employment status, and sex: June 30, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, and 1974

	All employees, by fiscal year*						
Employment status	FY 1970	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974		
(Number of licensees)	(127)	(133)	. (138)	(150)	(154)		
All employment							
Total employees ⁺	7,583	7,865	8,175	8,477	9,293		
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Ma 1 e	5,466	5,653	5,739	6,049	6,477		
Female	2,117	2,212	2,436	2,428	2,816		
						1 -	
Total full-time employees	5,354	6,008	6,068	6,385	7,100	,	
Percent of total	70.6	76.4	74.2	75.3	76.4		
Male	3,869	4,327	4,426	4,603	5,009		
Female	1,485	1,681	1,642	1,782	2,091		
Total part-time employees	2,229	1,857	2,107	2,092	, 2,193		
Percent of total	29.4	23.6	25.8	24.7	23.6		
Male	1,597	1,326	1,313	1,446	1,468		
Female	632	531	794	646	725		
	Mil	nority empl	oyees, by f	iscal year*	•		
mployment status	FY 1970	FY 1971	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974	 _	
Gumber of licensees)	(125)	(129)	(133)	(142)	(145)	· .	
Minority employment					•	·	
Total employees+	718	700					
Percent	100.0	788	962	908	1,081	*	
Male	478	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
female	240	516	558	554	668		
Total full-time employees	240	272	404	354	413		
Percent of total	361	471	554	612	756		
fale	50.3	59.8	57.6	67.4	69.9		
emale	251	302	362	387	459		
	110	169	192	225	297		
Total part-time employees	357	317	408				
Percent of total	49.7	40.2	42.4	296	325	•	
ale	227	214	196	32.6 167	30 . 1 209		
emale							

Table 11.--Total employees of public television licensees, by employment status and sex, and by type of licensee: Aggregate United States, June 30, 1974

Employees, by employment status*

Type of licensee	All employees			Full-time employees			Part-time employees			
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Total Percent	8,578 100.0	6,037 100.0	2,541 100.0	6,267 100.0	4,683 100.0	1,884 100.0	2,011 100.0	1,354 100.0	657 100.0	
Type of licensee:										
Institutions of higher education Percent of total	2,474 28.8	1,842 30.5	632 24.9	1,143 21.9	1,113 23.7	330 17.5	1,031 51.3	729 53.8	302 46.0	
Local public school systems Percent of total	709 8.3	490 8.1	219 8.6	566 8.6	392 8.4	174 9.2	143 7.1	98 7.2	45 6.9	
State/municipal authority Percent of total	2,283 26.6	1,695 28.1	588 23.1	1,895 28.8	1,442 30.8	453 24.1	388 19.3	253 18.7	1 3 9	
Community organizations Percent of total	3,112 36.3	2,010 33.3	1,102 43.4	2,663 40.6	1,736 37.1	927 49.2	449 22.3	274 20.3	17! 26.	

^{*} Joint employees are not included.



Table 12.--Joint employees of public television licensees, by employment status, type of licensee: Aggregate United States, June 30, 1974

Type of licensee	Joint employees, by employment status								
	Number of dual licensees*	Total	Full-time	Part-time					
Total Percent	40 100.0	715 100.0	533 100.0	182 100.0					
Type of licensee:									
Institutions of higher education Percent of total Local public school	24 60.0	346 48.4	237 44.5	109 59.9					
systems Percent of total State authority, State education agency.	2 5.0	15 2.1	15 2.8	0.0					
municipal authority, and other licensed agencies Percent of total Community organizations Percent of total	3 7.5 11 27.5	57 8.0 297 41.5	51 9.6 230 43.1	6 3:3 67 36.8					

 $[\]star$ Number of dual (TV and radio) licensees reporting joint employees.



Table 13.--Total full-time employees of public television licensees, by sex and type of occupation, June 30, 1974

Type of occupation	Total Full-time employees			Full	-time em	ployees	Joint Full-time employees		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female		Male	Femal
	_		<u> </u>	, <i>•</i>					
Total full-time employees Percent	7,100 100.0	5,009 100.0	2,091 100.0	6,5 6 7 100.0	4 ,683	, ,884 100.0	533 100.0	326 100.0	207 100.0
Subtotal, management and supervisory Percent of total	2,671 37.6	2,107 42.0	564 27.0	2,399 36.6	1,887 40.3	512 27,2	272 51.0	220 67,5	52 25,1
General Manager	143	140	3	102	99	3	41	41	0
Station manager	67	65	2	54	53	1	13	12	1
Operations manager	71	66	5	61	57	4	10	9	1
Program manager	135	119	16	123	107	16	12	12	0
Traffic manager	124	29	95	118	28	90	6	1	5
Production manager	119	113	6	116	110	6	3	3	0
Producer - director	618	509	109	606	499	107	12	10	2
Business manager	74	45	29	57	32	25	17	13	4
Chief engineer	155	155	0	120	120	0	35	35	0
Supervisory engineer	338	337	1	311	310	1	27	27	. 0
Film director	112	108	4	110	106	4	2	2	0
Public relations director	63	30	33	50	24	26	13	E	7
Promotion director	74	26	48	59	19	40	15	. 7	8
Oevelopment director	69	53	16	56	42	14	13	11	2
Art director	86	70	16	78	63	15	8	7	1
School service director	120	68	52	115	65	50	5	3	2
Other management and supervisory	303	174	129	263	153	110	40	21	19
Subtotal, other employees Percent of total	4,429 62.4	2,902 58.0	1,527 73.0	4 ,168 63.4	2,796 59.7	1,372 72,8	261 49.0	106 32.5	155 74.9
On-air talent	170	101	69	165	98	67	. 5	3	2
Graphic artists	1,65	103	62	161	101	60	4	. 2	2
Production crew	678	580	98	675	578	97	3	2	1
Broadcasting engineer	1,439	1,427	12	1,386	1,374	- 12	53	53	0
Film editor	140	126	14	139	125	14	1	1	0
All other professional	541	268	273	509	256	253	32.	12	20
All other non- professional	181	119	62	158	114	44	23	5	18
Clerical	994	72	922	878	63 .	815	116	9	107

Full-time employees, by type of licensee*

Type of occupation (Number of licensees)	All types (154)		Institutions of higher education (53)		Local public school systems (19)		State/munici- pal author- ity (26)		Community organi- zations (56)	
	Ma 1 e	Female	Ma 1 e	Female		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Total, all types Percent	4,683 100.0	1,884 100,0	1,113 100.0	330 100.0	392 100.0	174 100,0	1,442 100.0	454 100,0	1,736 100.0	927 100.u
Subtotal, management and supervisory Percent	1,887 40.3	512 27.2	568 51.1	112 33.9	170 43.4	42 24.1	497 34.5	121 26.7	652 37.6	238 25.7
General manager	99	3	24	0	13	2	22	0	40	1
Station manager	53	1	19	1	5	0	18	1	11	0
Operations manager	57	4	23	0	5	1	10	1	19	2
Program manager	107	16	34	5	9	5	24	1	40	5
Traffic manager	28	90	7	30	1	11	6	17	14	32
Production manager	110	6	32	0	14	0	17	1	. 47	5
Producer - director	499	107	168	26	49	4	105	22	177	55
Susiness manager	32	25	6	5	2	2	8	9	16	9
Chief engineer	120	 O	36	0	16	0	29	0	39	0
Supervisory engineer	310	1	102	0	19	0	123	1	66	0
Film director	106	4	28	0	13	0	31	1	34	3
Public relations director	24	26	10	6	0	3	7	3	7	14
Promotion director	19	40	5	14	. 1	2	5	● 8	8	16
Development director	42	14	6	. 3	4	1	6	0	25	10
Art director	63	15	28	3	6	1	13	5	16	6
School service director	65	50	16	6	8	8	20	23	21	13
Other management and supervisory	153	, 110	24	13	5	2	53	28	71	67
Subtotal, other employees Percent of total	2.796 59.7	1,372 72.8	545 48.9	218 66.1	222 56.6	132 75.9	945 65.5	333 73.3	1,084 62.4	689 74.3
On-air talent	98	67	13	7	22	37	19	6	44	17
Graphic artists	101	60	16	16	11	11	42	18	32	15
Production crew	578	97	86	19	52	4	194	26	246	48
1 / 50 Sting engineer	1,374	12	338	2	86	1	434	2	516	7
rulter	125	14	43	4	8	1	33	3	41	6
AA) other professional	256	253	37	35	24	10	82	55	113	153
All other non-professional	114	44	5	10	. 8	5	86	21	15	8
Clerical	63	815	4	125	2	62	6	194	51	434
Manual/custodial	87	10	3	34°	9	1	49	8	26	1

^{*} Joint full-time employees are not included.



Part-time an	d inint	part_time	employees.	hv	occupation
rart-time an	4 70 1116	Par terime	cmproyees,		occupation.

Type of occupation	Total		Joint .
	part-time employees	part-time employees	part-time employees
Part-time total	2,193	2,011	182
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0
dale	1,468	·1,354	114
Female	725	657	68
Subtotal, part-time management and super-		42	,,
visory	54	43	11
Percent	2.5	2.1	6.0
lale	27	22	5
'emale	27	21	6
Subtotal, Part-time other employees Percent	2,139 97.5	1,968 . 97.9	171 94.0
dale	1,441	1,332	109
Female	698	636	62
Part-time technical and production	1,147	1,073	74
Male	919	856	63
Female	228	217	11
Part-time on-air and performing talent	243	228	15
Male	141	132	9
Female	102	96	6
Part-time paid traine	e 279	269	10
Male	203	198	5
Female	76	71	5
Part-time clerical	306	256	50
Male	50	36	1 4
Female	256	220	3 6
Part-time manual and custodial	57	54	3
Male	50	48	2
Female	7	6	1
Part-time other non- professional	107	88	19
Male	78	62	16
Female	29	26	3

Part-time employees, by type of licensee*

Type of occupation	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal author- ity	Community organi- zations	
(Number of licensees)	(154)	(53)	(19)	(26)	(56)	
Total, all types	2,011	1,031	143	388	449	
Percent	100.0	190.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Male	1,354	729	98	253	274	
Female	657	302	45	135	175	
Management and supervisory	43	21	4	0.5	16	
Percent of total	2.1	2.0	2.8		3.6	
Male	22	11	4	1	6	
Female	21	10	0		10	
Other employees Percent of total	1,968 97.9	1,010 98.0	139 97.2	386 99.5	433 96.4	
Male	1,516	718	9 4	252	268	
. Female	452	292	4 5	134	165	
Technical and production	1,073	641	54	164	214	
Male	856	509	36	143	168	
Female	217	132	18	21	46	
On-air talent	228	62	28	: 101	37	
Male	132	41	17	51	23	
Female	96	21	11	50	14	
Trainees (paid) ,	269	181	33	22	33	
Male	198	130	27	17	24	
Female	71	51	6	5	9	
Clerical	256	82	10	63	101	
Male	220	9	1	11	15	
Female	36	73	9	52	86	
Manual and custodial	54	5	3	24	22	
Male	48	5	2	21	20	
Female	6	0	1	3	2	
All other non-professional	88	39	11	12	26	
Male	62	24	1 1	9	18	
Female	26	15	0	3	8	

^{*} Joint part-time employees are not included.

Table 17.--Minority employees of CPB-qualified public radio stations, by employment status and and by type of minority group: United States, June 30, 1974

Minority	employees,	bν	employment	status
711101103	CIIID I OJ CCJ L	.,	CIMP I Gy ING II C	

		Televis	ion only	Jo	int
Type of minority group	Total	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time
Total, all minority employees Percent	1,081 300.0	699 100.0	2 98 100.0	57 100.0	27 100.0
Male '/	668	434	196	25	13
Female	413	265	102	32	14
Black	731	489	/ 196	31	15
Percent of total	67.6	70.0	65.8	54.4	55.6
Male	458	295	141	16	6
Female	273	194	55	15	9
Spanish surname	212	134	66	10	7 . 4
Percent of total	19.6	19.1	22,1	17.5	
Male	137	95	40	1	1
Female	75	39	26	9	
American Indian	46	18	9	11	8
Percent of total	4.3	2.6	3.0	19.3	29.6
Male	24	12	1	7	4
Female	22	6	8	4	4
Oriental	92	58	27	5	7.4
Percent of total	8.5	8.3	9.1	8.8	
Male	49	32	14	1 4	2
Female	43	26	13		0

A. Company

Full-time	

				_		embroλee	_			
	Full-	Total	loyees	Full-	time emp	loyees	Joint Full-time employees:			
Type of occupation	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Ma1e		
Total full-time employees Percent	756 100. 0	459 100.0	297 100.0	699 100.0	434 100.0	265 100.0	57 100.0	25 100.0	32 100.0	
Subtotal, manage- ment and super- visory Percent of total	159 21.0	105 22.9	54 18,2	149 21.3	101	. 48	10	4	6	
		22.3	10.2	21.3	23.2	18.1	17.5	16.0	18.8	
General manager	1	1	0	1	0	. 0	0	0	0 -	
Station manager	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	
Operations manager	3	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	
Program manager	3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	0	
Traffic manager	8	3	5	8	3	5	0	0	0	
roduction manager	3	2	1	3 ·	2	1	0	0	0	
roducer - director	64	40	24	64	40	24	0	0	0	
usiness manager	3	1	2	2	1	P	1	0	1	
hief engineer	4	4	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	
upervisory engineer	12	12	0	12	12	0	0	0	0	
11m director	8	8	0	8	8	0	0	0	0	
ublic relations director	6	3	3	5	3	2	1	0	1	
romotion director	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	
evelopment director	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	
rt director	4	2	2	4	2	2	0	0	0	
chool service director	6	3	3	6	3	3	0	0	0	
ther maragement and supervisory	28	17	11 '	23 -	15	. 8	5	2	3	
Subtotal, other employees Percent of total	597 79.0	354 77.1	2 43 81.8	550 78.7	333 76.7	217 81.9	47 82.5	21 84.0	26 81.2	
n-air talent	33	15	18	29	13	16	4	2	2	
raphic artists	15	11	4	15	11	4	0	0	0	
roduction crew	99	84	15	99	84	15	o .	0	0	
roadcasting engineer	116	115	1	114	113	1	2	2	0	
lm editor	18	17	1	18	17	1	0	0	0	
1 other professional	56	27	29	54	25	29	2	2	0	
ll other non-profes- ional	25	18	7	20	16	4	5	2	3	
lerical	193	30	163	169	25	144	24	5	19	
anual/custodial	42	37	5	32	29	3	10	8	2	

Broadcast hours, by type of programin	Broadcast	hours.	bv	type	o f	programing
---------------------------------------	-----------	--------	----	------	-----	------------

Type of licensee		411	Programing for Classroom					
	Number of stations	Total	Mean	Total	Mean	Total	Mean	
	<u> </u>							
All types								
FY 1970	185	586,718	3,171	201,275	1,088	385,443	2,083	
FY 1971	193	639,611	3,314	226,165	1,172	413,446	2,142	
FY 1972	207	710,303	3,431	241,806	1,168	468,497	2,263	
FY 1973	221	809,588	3,663	260,067	1,177	549,521	2,487	
FY 1974	235	910,149	3,873	268,766	1,144	641,383	2,729	
Institutions of higher educati								
FY 1970	58	174,864	3,015	47,306	816	127,558	2,199	
FY 1971	58	174,241	3,004	49,315	850	124,926	2,154	
FY 1972	62	19. '83	3,126	54,156	873	139,627	2,252	
FY 1973	67	225,291	3,363	59,162	883	166,129	2,480	
FY 1974 .	72	255,728	3,552	62,688	871	193,040	2,681	
Local public school system	s							
FY 1970	22	37,036	2,593	27,677	1,258	29,359	1,335	
FY 1971	23	61,549	2,676	27,997	1,217	33,552	1,459	
FY 1972	21	58,233	2,773	26,992	1,285	31,241	1,488	
FY 1973	•	57,758	3,040	21,938	1,155	35,820	1,885	
FY 1974	19	60,342	3,176	22,144	1,165	38,198	2,010	
State/municipa authorities	1					·		
FY 1970	54	188,438	3,190	72,714	1,347	115,724	2,143	
FY 1971	60	222,162	3,703	89,989	1,500	132,173	2,203	
FY 1972	67	253,858	3,789	100,558	1,501	153,300	2,288	
FY 1973	74	299,927	4,053	117,157	1,583	182,770	2,470	
FY 1974	81	346,962	4,283	117,775	1,454	229,187	2,829	
Community orga zations	n 1 -							
FY 1970	51	166,380	3,262	53,578	1,051	112,802	2,212	
FY 1971	52	181,659	3,493	58,864	1,132	122,795	2,361	
FY 1972 ·	57	204,429	3,586	60,100	1,054	144,329	2,532	
FY 1973	61	226,612	3,715	61,810	1,013	164,802	2,702	
FY 1974	63	247,117	3,922	66,159	1,050	180,958	2,872	

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.



Table 20.--Total broadcast hours of public television stations, by type of programing and by type of licensee: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Broadcast hours, by type of programing

	Number	Mean	A11 t	vpes_	Program <u>for clas</u>	ning sroom		ming for audience
Type of licensee	of Stations	weeks broadcast*	Total	Me an	Number	Mean	Number	Mean
Total	235	51	910,149	3,873	268,766	1,144	641,383	2,729
Type of licensee:								
Institutions of higher education Local public school	72	52	255,728	3,552	62,688	871	193,040	2,681
systems	19	49	60,342	3,176	22,144	1,165	38,198	2,010
State/municipal authorities Community organi-	81	52	346,962	4,283	117,775	1,454	229,187	2,829
zations	63	51	247,117	3,922	66,159	1,050	180,958	2,872

^{*} Based on number of weeks reported by stations broadcasting during both school-in-session and school-not-in-session.

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.





Table 21.--Broadcast hours of public television during school-in-session, by type of programing and by type of licensee: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Broadcast hours, by type of programing

Type of licensee S	Number	Mean	All types		Programing for classroom		Programing for general audience	
	of Stations	weeks broadcast*	Total	Mean	Number	Mean	Number	Mean
Total	235	, 35	683,360	2,908	256,210	1,090	427,150	1,818
Type of licensee:								
Institutions of higher education	72	35	191,273	2,657	60,377	839	130,896	1,818
Local public school systems	19	36	48,737	2,565	21,406	1,127	27,331	1,438
State/municipal authorities	81	36	263,908	3,258	110,262	1,361	153,646	1,897
Community organi- zations	63	34	179,442	2,848	64,165	1,018	115,277	1,830

 $[\]star$ Based on number of weeks reported by stations broadcasting during school-in-session.

Note: Oata pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.



Table 22.-- Broadcast hours of public television stations during school not-in-session, by type of programing and by type of licensee: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Broadcast hours, by type of programing

Tupo of Man	Number of	Mean weeks	All types		Programing for classroom		Programing for general audience	
Type of licensee	stations	broadcast*	Total	Mean	Number	Mean	Number	Mean
Total	235	16	226,789	965	12,556	53	214,233	912
ype of licensee:								
nstitutions of higher education ocal public school	72	16	64,455	895	2,311	32	62,144	863
systems	19	14	11,605	611	738	39	10,867	572 ÷
tate/municipal authorities	81	16	83,054	1,025	7,513	93	75,541	933
ommunity organi- zations	63	18	67,675	1,074	1,994	32	65,681	1,043

^{*} Based on number of weeks reported by stations broadcasting during school-not-in-session.

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.



and the same

Percent of total broadcast hours, by type of programing

	Source of programing		All types					Progra	ming for o	lassroom	J	Programing for general audience				
	(Number of stations broadcasting)	FY 1970 (185)	FY 1971 (193)	FY 1972 (207)	FY 1973 (221)	FY 1974 (235)	FY 1970 (185)	FY 1971 (193)	FY 1972 (207)	FY 1973 (221)	FY 1974 (235)	FY 1970 (185)	FY 1971 (193)	FY 1972 (207)	FY 1973 (221)	FY 1974 (235)
	(Total broadcast hours)	(586,718)	(639,611)	(710,303)		(910,149)	(201,275)			(260,067)	•		·	·	(549,521)	
	Total	100 :	100.0	100,0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
	Programs locally produced	27.1	23,0	21,1	18,7	17.0	44.2	35.9	34.3	29.7	25,4	18.2	16.0	14.3	13.5	13.6
	Mational interconnection	23.1	27.5	39.2	45.8	46,4	2,4	6,9	9,2	11.2	14.5	33.9	38,8	54.7	62,1	59.7
	Regional interconnection	6,1	5.1	5.4	5,2	5.3	4.6	3.2	5.4	5.3	5.3	6.9	6.1	5.4	_ 5,1	5.2
	State interconnection	{4.9 ⁺	€3.9 [‡]	1.8	3,5	2.6	44.4		2.6	5.7	4,3	4,3+	3.0+	1.5	2,5	1,9
	Other interconnection	44.7	(3.9	2.0	1,4	1.6	£6.0 ⁺	§ 5.5 ⁺	4,0	2,8	3.1			0.9	0.7	1,0
۲۰. ا	Film and tape from Public Broadcasting Service				1,2	3,2				0,8	1,1				1,4	4.0
	Film and tape from Mutional Educational Telavision	9,7	b, 9	4,1	0.9	0.6	1,4	1,8	1.9	0.7	0.3	14.0	9.7	5. 2	1.0	0.7
	Film and tape from regional networks	4.9	5.2	3,7	2.7	2,4	7.0	6,5	5.3	4.5	3.3	3.7	4,5	2.8	1,8	2.0
	Film and tape from Public Television Library	3.7	, 3,4	2,9	2.3	2.0	0.6	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.4	5.4	4,7	4.2	3,2	2.7
	Film and tape from Mational Instructional Television Center	2.8	3,8	4.9	3.8	3.8	7.9	10.6	14.2	11.6	12.7	0.1	0.1		0.2	0,1
	film and tape from Great Plains Mational Instructional Tele- vision Library	3,4	3.4	3.4	2.8	2.5	9,2	9.0	9.8	8,2	7.7	0.4	0,3	0.1	0.2	0,3
	Film and tape from other public tele- vision stations	3.4	3.3	2.6	1,8	2.3	6.4	5.6	3.1	3.3	4,7,	1.9	2,0	2.3	1.1	1,3
	Film and tape from commercial syndicates	4.3	3,1	2.1	3,5	5.7	1,4	0.8	1.0	4.4	8,5	5.8	4.4	2.7	3,1	4,5
	Film and tape from all others	6.6	11,4	6.8	6.4	4.6	8.7	13.1	8.6	11.3	8.7	5.5	10,4	5.9	4,1	2.9

^{*} Percent greater than 0 but less than 0.05,

⁺ Percent from State interconnection in FY 1970 and FY 1971 were reported under other interconnection.

ia pertain only to those stations on air from baginning of fiscal year.

Table 24.--Percent distribution of broadcast hours of public television stations, by type of licensee and source of programing: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

 -	 ·_				<u> </u>	
Source of programing	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal authorities	Community organi- zations	
Number of stations broadcasting)	(235)	(72)	(10)	(01)	(62)	
(Broadcast hours)	(910,149)	• •	(19)	(81)	(63)	
	(910,149)	(255,728)	(60,342)	(346,962)	(247,117)	
		٠.				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Programs locally produced	17.0	12.0	21.2	21.9	14,4	
National interconnection	46.4	51,6	47.1	41.7	47.6	
Regional interconnection	5.3	5.4	2,0	3.8	7.9	
State interconnection	2.6	1.9	1,2	0.2	6.9	
Other interconnection	1.6	0.6	3.0	2.1	1.7	
Film and tape from Pub- lic Broadcasting Service	3.2	4.1	0.4	3.5	2.5	
Film and tape from National Educational Television	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.4	0.6	
Film and tape from regional networks	2.4	3.4	0.7	2.0	2.4	
Film and tape from Pub- lic Television Library	2.0	2.3	3.8	1,6	1.9	
Film and tape from National Instructional Television Center	3.8	3.8	4.4	4.7	2.4	
Film and tape from Great Plains National Instructional Televi- sion Library	2.5	2.1	1,8	3.9	1,2	
Film and tape from other public television stations	2.3	2.2	1.6	2.4	2.4	
film and tape from commer- cial syndicates	5.7	4.4	4.3	8.6	3.3	
film and tape from all others	4.6	5.4	7.6	3.2	4.9	

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.

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Table 25.--Percent distribution of broadcast hours for Programing for classroom of public television stations, by type of licensee and source of programing: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Percent of broadcast hours for programing for classroom, by type of licensee

Source of programing	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal authori- ities	Community organi- zations	
(Number of stations broadcasting) .	(235)	(72)	(19)	(81)	(63) (66,159)	
(Broadcast hours)	(268,766)	(62,688)	(22,144)	(117,775)		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Programs locally produced	25.4	15.4	34.2	30.4	22.9	
National interconnection	14.5	16.5	17.9	12.4	15.4	
Regional interconnection	5.3	10.2	0.0	0.9	10.0	
State interconnection	4,3	5,6	2,3	0.0	11.2	
Other interconnection	3.1	1.7	4.5	3.g	2.6	
Film and tape from Public Broadcasting Service	1.1	2.1	1.2	1.0	0.5	
Film and tape from National Educational Television	0.3	0.5	1.6	0.0	0.4	
Film and tape from regional networks	3.3	3.7	1.0	2,9	4.3	
Film and tape from Public Television Library	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.5	
Pilm and tape from National Instructional Television Center	12.7	15.4	11.2	14.0	8.6	
Film and tape from Great Plains National Instructional Television Library	7.7	7.9	4.9	10.0	4.3	
Film and tape from other public television stations	4.7	4.2	2.7	5.4	4.5	
Film and tape from commercial syndicates	8.5	5.0	3.5	13.4	4.7	
Film and tape from all others	8.7	11.1	14.3	5.6	10.1	

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.



Table 26.--Percent distribution of broadcast Hours for programing for general audience of public television stations, by type of licensee and source of programing: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Percent of broadcast hours for programing for general audience, by type of licensee

Source of programing	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal author- ities	Community organi- zations
(Number of stations broad- casting)	(235)	(72)	(19)	(81)	(62)
(Broadcast hours)	(641,383)	(193,040)	(38,198)	(229,187)	(63) (180,958)
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Programs locally produced	13.6	10.9	14.1	17.6	10.9
National interconnection	59.7	63.0	63.1	56.7	63.0
Regional interconnection	5.2	3.8	3.1	5.4	3.8
State interconnection	1.9	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.7
Other interconnection	1.0	0.2	2.2	1.3	0.2
Film and tape from Public Broadcasting Service	4.0	4.7	0.0	4.8	4.7
Film and tape from National Educational Television	0.7	1.0	0.5	0.6	1.0
Film and tape from יy'onal networks	2.0	3.3	0.6	1.5	3.3
Film and tape from Public Television Library	2.7	2.8	5,4	2.3	2.8
Film and tape from / c.onal Ensu tional [e] //15/10n Center	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0
Film and tana Yrom Great Plains National Instruc- tional Television Library	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.3
Film and tape from other public television stations	1.3	1.5	1.0	0.8	1.5
Film and tape from commercial syndicates	4.5	4.2	4.7	6.2	4.2
Film and tape from all others	2.9	3.6	3.9	2.0	3.6

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.

Table 27.--Mean weekly broadcast hours of public television stations during school-in-session, by day of week and type of programing: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Monday through Friday

Type of programing	Week total	Total	(Per day)	Saturday	Sunday _.
Total Percent	19,452.4	15,818.4	(3,163.7)	1,965.5	1,668.5
	100.0	100.0	(100.0)	100.0	100.0
	235	235	(235)	177	218
Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	100.0 82.8	100.0 67.3	(100.0) (13.4)	75.3 11.1	92.8 7.6
Programing for classroom Percent of total	7,311.2	7,206.6	(1,441.3)	58.3	46.3
	37.6	45.6	(45.6)	3.0	2.8
Number of stations broadcasting	726	226	(226)	29	28
Percent of stations broadcasting	96.2	96.2	(96.2)	12.3	11.9
Broadcast hours per station	32.3	31.8	(6.3)	2.0	1.6
Programing for general audience	12,141.2	8,611.8	(1.722.3)	,, ·- 1,907.2	1,622.2
Percent of total	62.4	54.4	(54.4)	97.0	97.2
Number of stations broadcasting	232	232	(232)	177	218
Percent of stations broadcasting	98.7	98.7	(98.7)	75.3	92.8
Broadcast hours per station	52.3	37.1	(7.4)	10.7	7.4

Note: Oata pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.

Table 28.--Mean weekly broadcast hours of public television stations during school-not-in-session, by day of week and type of programing: . Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Monday through Friday

				_		
Type of programing	Week total	Total	(Per day)	Saturday	Sunday	
Total	13,726.8	10,209.1	(2,041.8)	1,898.8	1,618.9	
Percent	100.0	100.0	(100.0)	100.0	100.0	
Jumber of stations broadcasting	232	232	(232)	175	218	
ercent of stations broadcasting roadcast hours per station	98.7	98.7	98.7	74.4	92.7	
	59.1	4 4 .0	(8.8)	10.8	7.4	
rograming for classroom	801.7	758.5	(151.7)	24.0	19.2	
Percent of total	5.8	7.4	(7.4)	1.3	1.2	
umber of stations broadcasting ercent of stations broadcasting roadcast hours per station	67	58	58)	8	12	
	28.5	24.6	(24.6)	3.4	5.1	
	12.0	13.1	(2.6)	3.0	1.6	
rograming for general audience	12,925.1	9,450.6	(1,8 9 0.0)	1,874.8	1,599.7	
Percent of total	94.2	92.6	(92.6)	98.7	98.8	
umber of stations broadcasting ercent of stations broadcasting roadcast hours per station	232	232	(232)	175	218	
	98.7	98.7	(98.7)	74.4	92.7	
	55.7	40.7	(8.1)	10.7	7.3	

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.

Table 29.--Mean weekly broadcast hours of public television stations programing for classroom during school-in-session, by day of week and type of licensee: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

	Mean weekly broadcast hours, by day of week								
one.		Monday	through Fr1day						
Type of public television licensee	Week total	Total	(Per day)	Saturday	Sund a y				
Total, all types Percent Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	7,311.2 100.0 226 96.2 32.3	7,206.6 100.0 226 96.2 31.8	(1,441.3) 100.0 226 96.2 6.3	58.3 100.0 29 12.3 2.0	46.3 100.0 28 11.9 1.6				
Institutions of higher education Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	1,749.2 23.9 68 94.4 25.7	1,721.9 23.9 68 94.4 25.3	344.4 23.9 68 94.4 5.0	11.0 18.9 4 5.6 2.7	16.3 35.2 13 18.1 1.2				
Local public school systems Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	586.3 8.1 19 100.0 30.8	585.5 8.1 19 100.0 30.8	{ 117.1}	0.3 0.5 1 5.3 0.3	0.5 1.1 1 5.3 0.5				
State authority, State education agency, municipal authority, and other licensed agencies Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	3,055.2 41.7 78 96.3 39.1	3,007.7 41.7 78 96.3 38.5	601.5 41.7 78 96.3 7.7	30.5 52.3 19 23.5	17.0 36.7 11 13.6 1.5				
Community organizations Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	1,920.5 26.3 61 96.8 31.4	1,891.5 26.3 61 96.8 31.1	378.3 26.3 61 96.8 6.2	16.5 28.3 5 7.9 3.3	12.5 27.0 3 4.8 4.1				

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.

Table 30.--Mean weekly broadcast hours of public television stations programing for general audience during school-in-session, by day of week and type of licensee: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Monday	through	Eriday
MUHURY	Lnrouun	PPIGAV

Type of public television licensee	Week total	Total	(Per day)	Saturday	Sunday
Total, all types Percent Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	12,141.2 100.0 232 98.7 52.3	8,611.8 100.0 232 98.7 37.1	{ 1,722.3 } 100.0 } 232 } 4 98.7 } 7.4 }	1,907.2 100.0 177 75.3 10.7	1,622.2 100.0 218 92.8 7.4
Institutions of higher education Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	3,753.0 30.9 72 100.0 52.1	2,841.9 33.0 72 100.0 39.4	568.4 33.0 72 100.0 7.8	442.4 23.2 51 70.8 8.6	468.7 28.9 66 91.7 7.1
Local public school systems Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	749.3 6.2 19 100:0 39.4	573.0 6.7 19 100.0 30.8	{ 114.6 } 6.7 } 19 100.0 } 6.0 }	85.3 4.5 10 52.6 85.3	91.0 5.6 14 73.7 6.5
State/municipal authorities Percent Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	4,225.2 34.8 81 100.0 52.1	2,864.7 33.3 81 100.0 35.3	{ 572.9 } 33.3 } 81 } 100.0 }	7 60 .0 39.9 63 77.8 12.0	600.5 37.0 80 98.8 7.5
Community organizations Percent Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	3,413.7 28.1 60 95.2 56.9	2,332.2 27.0 60 95.2 38.8	{ 466.4 } 27.0 } 60 } 95.2 } 7.7 }	619.5 32.4 53 84.1 11.6	462.0 28.5 58 92.1 7.8

Note: Oata pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.

Table 31.--Mean weekly broadcast hours of public television stations programing for classroom during school-not-in-session, by day of week and type of licensee: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

	Week total	Monday t	hroug	h Friday		Saturday	
Type of public television licensee		Total	(:	Per day)		Sunda y
Total, all types Percent Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	801.7 100.0 67 28.5 12.0	758.5 100.0 58 24.8 13.1	\	151.7 100.0 58 24.8 2.6	}	24.0 100.0 8 3.4 3.0	19.2 100.0 12 5.1 1.6
Institutions of higher education Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	144.9 18.1 16 22.2 9.0	132.9 17.5 16 22.2 8.3	\	26.6 17.5 16 22.2 1.6	}	8.5 35.4 2 2.8 4.2	3.5 18.2 2 2.8 1.7
Local public school systems Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	50.0 6.2 6 31.6 8.3	50.0 6.6 6 31.6 8.3	}	10.0 6.6 6 31.6 1.6	}	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
State/municipal authorities Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	469.5 58.6 33 40.7 14.2	453.0 59.7 25 30.9 18.1	}	90.6 59.7 25 30.9 3.6	}	4.5 18.8 3.7 1.5	12.0 62.5 8 9.9 1.5
Community organizations Percent of total, Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	137.3 17.1 12 19.1 11.4	122.6 16.2 11 17.5 11.1	}	24.5 16.2 11 17.5 2.2	}	11.0 45.8 3 4.8 3.6	3.7 19.3 2 3.2 1.8

Note: Oata pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.



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Table 32.--Mean weekly broadcast hours of public television programing for general audience during school-not-in-session, by day of week and type of licensee: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

		Monday through Friday					 -
Type of public television licensee	Week total	Total	(Per day)	Saturday	Sunday
Total, all types Percent Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Percadcast hours per station	12,925.1 100.0 232 98.7 55.7	9,450.6 100.0 232 98.7 8.1	\ \ \	1,890.1 100.0 232 98.7 8.1	}	1,874.8 100.0 175 74.5 10.7	1,599.7 100.0 218 92.8 7.3
Institutions of higher education Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	3,730.5 28.9 72 100.0 51.8	2,804.6 29.7 72 100.0 38.9	}	560.9 29.7 72 100.0 7.8	}	455.0 24.3 51 70.8 8.9	470.9 29.4 67 93.1 7.0
Local public school systems Percent of total Humber of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	754.5 5.8 18 94.7 41.9	583.5 6.2 18 94.7 32.4	}	116.7 6.2 18 94.7 6.4	}	82.5 4.4 10 52.6 8.2	88.5 5.5 14 73.7 6.3
State/municipal authorities Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	4,795.0 37.1 81 100.0 64.9	3,446.2 36.4 81 100.0 42.5	{	689.2 36.4 81 100.0 8.5	}	758.0 40.4 62 76.5 12.2	590.8 37.0 80 98.8 7.3
Community organizations Percent of total Number of stations broadcasting Percent of stations broadcasting Broadcast hours per station	3,645.1 28.2 61 96.8 59.7	2,616.3 27.7 61 96.8 42.8	{	523.3 27.7 51 96.8 8.5	}	579.3 30.9 52 82.5 11.1	449.5 28.1 57 90.5 7.8

Note: Data pertain only to those stations on air from beginning of fiscal year.



Table 33.-- Tetal production hours of public television licensees, by type of programing, type of color, and type of production: Aggregate United States, fiscal years 1971 - 1974

_ ****	<u>FY 1971</u>	FY 1972	FY 1973	FY 1974	Percent change 1973-1974
Total, Production hours	37,050	36,007	36,630	39,679	+ 8.3
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
By type of programing:					
Programing for classroom (ITY)	9,839	7,860	6,544	7,896	+20.7
Percent of total	26.6	21.8	17.9	20.9	
Programing for general audience	27,211	28,147	30,086	31,783	+ 5.6
Percent of total	73.4	78.2	82.1	80.0	•
By color/black and white:					
Color	13,490	16,784	22,614	27,563	+21.9
Percent of total	36.4	46.6	61.7	69.5	
Black and white	23,560	19,223	14,016	12,116	-13,6
Percent of total	63.6	53.4	38.3	30.5	
8y type of projuction:					
.1ve	12,458	12,436	12,999	13,706	+ 5.4
Percent of total	33,6	34.5	35.5	34.5	
ape	23,544	22,680	22,829	25,077	+ 9.8
Percent of total	63.6	63.0	62.3	63.2	
11 lm	1,048	891	802	896	+11.7
Percent of total	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.3	



Table 34.--Production hours for classroom of public television licensees by type of licensee, type of color, and type of production: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Type of production	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal author- ities	Community organi- zations (53)	
(Number of licensees)	. (149)	(52)	(18)	(26)		
		0				
Total	7,896	1,236	1,204	4,352	1,104	
Percent	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Color	3,224	813	933	563	915	
Black and white	4,672	423	271	3,789	189	
Live	334	95	94	10	135	
Parcent of total	4.2	7.7	7.8	0.2	12.2	
Color	225	27	85	10	103	
Black and white	109	68	9	0	32	
Tape	7,361	1,066	1,046	4,321	928	
Percent of total	93.2	86.2	86.9	99.3	84.1	
Color	2,828	717	792	547	772	
lack and white	4,533	349	254	3,774	156	
Film	201	75	64	21	41	
Percent of total	2.6	6.1	5.3	0.5	3.7	
olor	171	69	56	6	40	
lack and white	30	6	8	15	1	

Note: Oata pertain only to those licensees in operation (on the air) from the beginning of the fiscal year.

Table 35.--Production hours for general audience of public television licensees, by type of licensee, type of color, and type of production: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Type of production (Number of licensees)	All types	Institutions of higher education	Local public school systems	State/munici- pal author- ities	Community organi- zations	
	(149)	(52)	(Lt)	(26)	. (53)	
Total	31,783	10,283	2,605	5 ,73ს	13,165	
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Color	24,339	7,936	974	4,295	11,134	
Black and white	7,444	2,347	1,631	1,435	2,031	
Live	13,372	4,006	1,017	1,920	6,429	
Percent of total	42.1	38.9	39.1	33.5	48.8	
Color	10,533	3,172	550	1,668	5,143	
Black and white	2,839	834	467	252	1,286	
Tape	17,716	6,062	1,551	3,594	6,509	
Percent of total	55.7	59.0	59.5	62.7	49.5	
Color	13,211	4,589	395	2,452	5,775	
Black and white	4,505	1,473	1,156	1,142	734	
Film	695	. 215	37	216	227	
Percent of total	2.2	2,1	1.4	3.8	1.7	
Color	595	175	29	175	216	
Black and white	100	40	8	41	11	

Note: Oata pertain only to those licensees in operation (on the air) from the beginning of the fiscal year.



Table 36.--Production hours of public television licensees by type of distribution, by type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

Production hours, by type of distribution

Type of licensee, geographic region, and adjusted budget size	Number of licensees	Total	Local	Regional/ State	National		
Total Percent	149 100.0	39,679 100.0	29,649 100.0	8,697 100.0	1,333 100.0		
Type of licensee:							
Institutions of highe education Percent of tetal	52	11,519 29.0	8,408 28.3	2,943 33.3	167 12.5		
Local pyblic school systems Percent of total	18	3,809 9.6	3,529 11.9	271 3.1	9 0.7		
State/municipal authority Percent of total Community organizations	26 53	10,082 25.4 14,279	6,572 22.2 11,140	3,254 37.4 2,229	256 19.2 901 67.6		
Percent of total Geographic region:		36,0	37.6	25.7			
Northeast Percent of total Central Percent of total	31 43	8,623 21.8 8.228 20.8	5,384 18.2 5,967 20.1	2,543 29.2 2,077 23.9	696 52.2 184 13.8		
South' Percent of total West Percent of total	41 30	10,884 27.4 6,747 17.0	7.29] 24.6 5.810 19.6	3,347 38.5 730 8.4	246 18.5 207 15.5		
Outlying ages Percent of total	4	5,197 13.0	5,197 17.5	0.0	0.0		
Adjusted budget size:							
Under \$200,000 Percent of total \$200,000 - \$599,999	11 5 0	1,813 4.6 7,161	1,732 5.8 5.011	81 0.9 1.131	0 0.0 19		
Percent of total \$600 - \$999,999 Percent of total	. 33	18.0 7,634 19.2	20.3 6,266 21.1	13.0 1,103 12.7	1.4 265 19.8		
\$1,000,000 - \$3,374,999 Percent of total \$3,375,000 and over	46 9	18,619 47.0 4,452	13,223 44.6 2,417	5,151 59.2 1,231	245 18.4 · 804		
Percent of total	,	11.2	8.2	14.2	60.4		

Note: Oata pertain only to those licensees in operation (on the air) from the beginning of the fiscal year.



Table 37.--Total production hours of public television licensees, by type of distribution and fiscal year: Aggregate United States, fiscal years 1972 - 1974

				Percent change
	FY 1972	<u>FY 1973</u>	FY 1974	1973-1974
Total, all distribution	36,007	36,630	39,679	+ 8.3
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Classroom use (ITV)	7,860	6,544	7,896	+ 20.7
General audience use	28,147	30,086	31,783	+ 5.6
Local	25,592	25,948	29,649	+ 14.3
Percent of total	71.1	70.9	74.7	
Classroom use (ITV)	5,872	4,464	6.001	+ 36.2
General audience use	19,720	21,484	23,568	+ 9.7
Regional, State and private network	9,403	9,455	8,697	- 8.0
Percent of total	26.1	25.8	21.9	
Classroom use (ITV)	1,775	1,951	1,526	_ 21.8
General audience use	7,628	7,504	7,171	- 4.4
National	1,012	1,227	1,333	+ 8.6
Percent of total	2.8	3.3	3.4	
Classroom use (ITV)	213	129	289	+124.0
General audience use	799	1,098	1,044	- 4.9

Note: Data pertain only to those licensees in operation (on the air) from the beginning of the fiscal year.



APPENDIXES



APPENOIX A

Public television licensees' income, by source of income and State: Aggregate United States, fiscal year 1974

	M		Percent of total income				
State	Number of licensees	Total income	All tax sources	Federal and CPB	State tax sources*	Local tax sources	All other
'Aggregate United State	s 156**	\$200,680,097	67.9%	16.9%	38.6%	12.4%	32.15
llabama	1	2,629,907	98.5	13,5	84.5	0.5	1.5
Alaska	2	1,036,354	96.9	19.2	77.7	.0.0	3.1
Arizona	2	1,523,496	83.5	13.8	67.5	2.2	16.5
irkansas	1	4,668,525	99.9	14.0	85.9	0.0	0.1
California	12	15,801,801	40.4	10.7	3.8	25.9	59.6
Colorado	2	1,457,829	83.3	12.1	1.0	70.2	16.7
Connecticut	1	2,115,848	74.0	19.2	53.7	1.1	26.0
Delaware	0	4 722 122	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
District of Columbia	1	4,738,182	33.0	30.9	0.1	2.0	67.0
Florida	9	8,278,662	63.9	10.2	34.9	18.8	36.1
Georgia	3 1	5,862,227 1,198,426	98.4 97.7	16.4 18.1	66.3	15.7	1.6
Hawaii Idaho	3	1,198,426	96.4	18.7	0.0	77.7	3.6
Illinois	4	6,340,010	86.4	22.8	59.6	4.0	13.6
Indiana	7	2,173,595	65.2	44.9	19.2	l iii	34.8
Iowa	í	4,142,052	99.9	8.7	91.2	o.o	0.1
Kansas	ż	535,718	29.5	24.2	4.2	1.1	70.5
Kentucky	2	4,202,907	93.0	8.6	67.1	17.3	7.0
Louisiana	2	2,443,292	69.0	23.9	42.4	2.7	31.0
1a i ne	2	1,860,491	77.5	18.4	57.9	1.2	22.5
Maryland	1	4,461,808	96.6	9.9	85.9	0.8	3.4
Massachusetts	2	10,119,310	38.6	37.3	0.8	0.5	61.4 34.3
Michigan	6	3,705,072 1,919,600	65.7 37.5	13.5 16.1	41.6	10.6 16.8	62.5
Minnesota Minnisoiani	4 1	2,686,212	37.3 99.0	6.4	92.6	0.0	1.0
Mississippi Missouri	3	2,302,669	43,4	19.0	3.0		56.6
Montana	Õ	0,500,003	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	ž	3,547,467	76.5	7.5	68.9	0.1	23.5
Ne v a da	ī	1,050,991	89.2	9.3	14.9	65.0	10.8
New Hampshire	i	1,011,887	72.1	10.8	52.5	8.8	27.9
New Jersey	1	3,719,485	99.6	4.4	95.2	0.0	0.4
New Mexico	3	1,509,560	99.1	37.4	54.6	7.1	0.9
New York	10	29,725,852	42.5	12.3	19.1	11.1	57.5 0.6
North Carolina	2	2,184,211	99.4	8.7 73.6	66.0	24.7	25.2
North Dakota	1	421,231 8,070,917	64.9	10.9	43.0	11.0	25.5
Ohio Oklahama	9	943,556	99.0	16.4	54.9	27.7	1.0
Oklahoma Oregon	2 1	1,279,382	95.0	37.5	57.5	0.0	5.0
Pennsyl Vania	7	9,702,253	43.1	11.0	17.7	14.4	56.9
Rhode Island	i	1,090,545	99.7	37.6	62.1	0.0	0.3
South Carolina	i	4,714,294	98.5	11.4	87.1	***	1.5
South Oakota	3	1,262,876	92.7	17.2	75.5	***	7.3
lennes see	4	3,969,462	71.7	18.7	38.8	14.2	28.3
exas	8	5,878,950	31.0	11.4	9.4	10.2	69.0 66.8
Itah	2	1,631,191	33.2 88.5	23.5 11.6	9.7 76.5	0.4	11.5
/ermont	ļ	752,725 4,764,649	64.8	9,1	9.4	46.3	35.2
/irginia	5 6	3,604,951	85.5	24.1	15.8	45.6	14.5
lashington Vast Vimoinia	3	2,100,479	99.8	12.9	38.8	48.1	0.2
lest Virginia	3 3	4,886,327	89.5	17.2	53.7	18.6	10.5
iisconsin Yyoming	3 0	7,000,327	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mmerican Samoa	i	2,468,750	13.6	2.5	0.1	11.0	86.4
Suam	i	340,896	99.1	18,1	1.0	80.0	0.9
Puerto Rico	1. i	2,302,578	100.0	7.1	0.0	92.9	0.0
irgin Islands	ι i .	432,123]] 0.0	4.6	0.0	95.4	0.0
· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		11 •	1	1	i i i	

^{*} Includes income from State colleges and universities.

^{***} Percent greater than 0 but less than 0.05.





^{**} Also includes two licensees not on the air during fiscal year 1974.

APPENDIX B

DEFINITIONS OF SELECTED TERMS AND ORGANIZATIONS

Adjusted Budget Size--Total operating expenses plus estimated value of institutional support.

Aggregate United States -- All States of the United States; District of Columbia; and U.S. territories such as American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

Broadcast Hours-Hours broadcast by public television stations during fiscal year 1974.

<u>Capital Expenditures</u>—Expenditures for acquiring land, buildings, machinery, equipment, facilities, hardware, automotive equipment, and for significant improvements to existing major items of property and equipment. Not included (charged to operating costs) are supplies and materials, items with a life expectancy of less than 2 or 3 years, and items of inconsequential cost.

Constant Dollars--Financial data adjusted for inflation by price and cost indexes of a given year, such as 1973-1974 dollars.

Corporation for Public Broadcasting (CPB) -- A nonprofit corporation established by Congress in 1967 to promote and help finance development of public radio and television. Its board is appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Current Dollars--Financial data not adjusted for inflation.

<u>Direct Operating Costs (Operating Expenses)</u> -- Actual costs of operations which were budgeted for, and were under the management control of the individual station, network, or center. Depreciation, capital expenditures, repayment of loans, invested money, allocation of money to reserve funds, or costs absorbed by other institutions are not included in this category.

Earmarked Income -- Income received by licensee that is intended to provide for specific services or activities, such as instructional television (ITV) services, underwriting, production contracts, and capital expenditures.

Employment Status -- Consists of full-time and part-time employees.

- (1) Full-time Employees--Those employees of the station or institution who were on the payroll as of June 30, 1973, and were paid for the full normal work week at no less than the Federal minimum wage--whether or not part of their time was allocated to other activities such as radio, closed-circuit television (CCTV), instructional television fixed service (ITFS), teaching, or other academic pursuits.
- (2) Part-time Employees -- All other paid employees as of June 30, 1973, excluding unpaid students, volunteers, and occasional hourly workers.

Gifts--Donations of machinery, equipment, supplies, or other tangible things of value, as distinct from money.



Great Plains National Instructional Television Library (GPNITL) -- A non-profit organization of the University of Nebraska in Lincoln, Nebraska, which develops and distributes instructional television courses to educational institutions and interested agencies.

Income--All sources of money or appropriations of money received or entered in the books as receivable in the current reporting year. This does not include monies withdrawn from reserve accounts established with income or funds received in prior years, borrowed monies from banks and other sources, or gifts and institutional support from individuals and other institutions.

<u>Instructional Support</u>--Estimated value of services and use of facilities provided by supporting institutions.

Interconnection includes:

- (1) <u>National Interconnection</u>--Broadcast interconnection systems for national delivery of programs. Current administering agency is the Public Broadcasting Service (PBS).
- (2) <u>Regional Interconnection</u>--Broadcast interconnection systems for regional delivery of programs, e.g.:

Central Educational Network (CEN) (Chicago, Illinois)
Eastern Education Television Network (EEN) (Newton Falls, Mass.)
Midwestern Educational Television, Inc. (MET) (St. Paul, Minn.)
Rocky Mountain Corporation for Public Broadcasting (RMCPB)
(Albuquerque, New Mexico)

Southern Educational Communications Association (SECA) (Columbia, South Carolina)

Western Educational Network (WEN) (Spokane, Washington)

- (3) <u>State Interconnection</u>--Broadcast interconnection system which consists of the stations operated by independent licensees within a given state (e.g., New York State interconnection).
- (4) Other Interconnection--Broadcast interconnection systems other than those listed above (e.g., private interconnections of independent stations).

Minority Employees--Employees with the following racial or ethnic backgrounds; Black, Spanish surnamed, American Indian, or Oriental. Because the term minority has different meanings in the outlying areas, data on minority employees from outlying areas were excluded from minority counts in this report.

National Education Television, Ann Arbor (NET) -- The tape and film distribution center for National Educational Television, division of WNET, New York.

National Instructional Television Center (NITC) -- A nonprofit organization of the Indiana University Foundation in Bloomington, Indiana, whose major function is to develop and distribute educational television materials.

<u>Production Costs</u>--Costs associated with the production of programs and programing materials at a local station or network.



Programing Costs -- Costs of acquiring and scheduling programs.

<u>Programing for Classroom</u>--Programing intended for classroom audiences, inservice training, college credits, etc. (Sometimes known as programing for instructional television, ITV.)

Programing for General Audience -- All programing other than programing for classroom.

<u>Public Broadcasting Service (PBS)</u>--A nonprofit corporation in Washington, D.C., which manages the public television network; responsible for scheduling and operating the national program interconnection system.

<u>Public Television Library (PTL)</u>--A nonprofit organization in Bloomington, Indiana, whose primary function is acquisition and distribution of public television programs.

<u>Public Television Licensee</u>--Organization that holds one or more licenses to operate a public television station(s).

<u>Public Television Station</u>--Unit that transmits a single public television signal on a single channel with a set of identifying call letters.

School-in-Session -- The period of the fiscal year when local schools are in session.

School-not-in-Session--The period of the fiscal year when local schools are closed for vacations.

Source of Programing--Origin of program delivery, such as programs locally produced, national interconnection, etc.

Technical Costs -- Costs associated with repairs, maintenance, control, and technical operations not includable elsewhere.

<u>Television Operations</u>—This category is provided for setting out amounts which apply to broadcast television operations or production only. This does not include radio and other operations, such as CCTV, ITFS, and other university or academic activities.

Total Gross Capital Expenditures to Date--Accumulated gross capital expenditures through June 30, 1974. Depreciation and inflation factors of the expenditures over the years are not taken into account for these amounts.

Trainees -- Paid employees engaged primarily in formal on-the-job training programs.

Transfers of Funds from (Withdrawn from Investments and Prior Years' Appropriations) -- Transfers of funds from reserve accounts, investments, or building funds and from other balances of funds appropriated or received in previous years.

Type of Distribution (Purpose of Production) -- Consists of (1) local distribution, (2) regional, State, and other interconnection distribution, and (3) national distribution.

Type of Production -- Programs locally produced either live, on tape, or on film.



Type of Programing -- Programing for classroom or for general audience.

<u>United States</u>--All States of the United States and District of Columbia, including the States of Alaska and Hawaii.



APPENDIX C

SURVEY OF PUBLIC TELEVISION LICENSEES

I. History and general description of surveys of public television licensees: 1969 - 1974.

In July, 1969, the Corporation for Public Broadcasting (CPB), aware of the need for credible statistics and information concerning its constituents' broadcasting operations, issued a grant to the National Association of Educational Broadcasters (NAEB) to develop and implement a management information system.

To develop an appropriate survey instrument, various survey forms were examined and key people within the broadcasting industry and among station personnel were interviewed. Findings from these examinations and interviews were incorporated into the design of the fiscal year 1969 survey instrument.

The Fiscal Year 1969 Survey of Public Television Licensees (the first comprehensive survey of this kind) was launched at the beginning of 1970. The survey instruments were forwarded to the 124 known public television licensees; of these, 120 returned completed questionnaires. Because of failures in recordkeeping by licensees and because of possible ambiguities in the survey instrument, some data could not be obtained from certain stations. These data categories were dropped for all licensees and not included in the computer files. In July 1970, the information project was placed under direct administration of the CPB, and the establishing of computer files of selected data gathered by the fiscal year 1969 survey was completed.

Experience gained from the fiscal year 1969 survey was applied to revising and refining the instrument before the 1970 survey was undertaken. Of 137 licensees contacted for the latter survey, CPB received 136 responses.

The contents of the fiscal year 1971 survey instrument were basically the same as those of the previous year; however, the survey was conducted in two parts: Part I was intended to collect information on quantitative data (financial, broadcast schedule, employment) which vary on a fiscal year basis. Part II was designed to obtain information on static data, such as listings of management personnel, station facilities, and studio equipment. The Part II instrument consisted of listings of computer records of these static data of the



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previous year and required only corrections to update the information. Out of 142 licensees contacted, all 142 responded for the fiscal year 1971 survey.

Only slight changes (such as modification of the financial and employment survey forms and some terminology) differentiated the fiscal years 1972 - 1974 survey instruments from their predecessors. All television licensees responded to the surveys for the period (145, 152, and 155) licensees for fiscal years 1972 through 1974 respectively).

II. Processing procedures and list of computer files for public television licensees

Raw data from the survey questionnaires were manually edited and corrected for obvious error. Followup procedures were initiated with licensees to make the necessary corrections. Verified information was then entered into the computer files and checked again to ensure accuracy.

The Corporation has constantly modified and improved its management-information computer files, primarily through utilization of time-sharing and remote-access retrieval capabilities.

The following is a list of the computer files developed from data obtained through the annual surveys of the public television licensees:

- 1. Financial file Financial and promotion data
- 2. Employee file Employee data
- 3. Station file Station and transmission facilities and broadcast data
- 4. Studio file Studio facilities and production data
- 5. Personnel file Names, addresses, and phones of management personnel



COMPUTATIONS OF BROADCAST HOURS

(A) Mean weekly broadcast hours for weeks broadcast (based on stations' broadcast hours of a typical week.

 $\begin{array}{c} n \\ \sum \\ i=1 \\ \hline \\ N \end{array}$

Where

WBHwk = Mean weekly broadcast hours.

Xi = Weekly broadcast hours of ith station.

N = Number of broadcast stations.

(B) Broadcast hours during school-in-session

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Where

= Broadcast hours during school-in-session.

 f_i = Number of broadcast weeks of the ith station during school-in-session.

 x_i = Weekly broadcast hours of the ith station during school-in-session.

(C) Broadcast hours during school not-in-session.

 $BH_2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_i Y_i$

Where

BH₂ = Broadcast hours during school-not-in-session.

fi = Number of broadcast weeks of the ith station.

Yi = Weekly broadcast hours of the ith station during school-not-in-session.

(D) Broadcast hours for programing for classroom

 $BH_{pc} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (f_i x_i + f_i' x_i')$

Where

1.

BH__ = Broadcast hours for programing for classroom.

fi = Number of broadcast weeks of the ith station during school-in-session.

Xi = Weekly broadcast hours of the ith station for programing for classroom during school-in-session.

fi' = Number of broadcast weeks of the ith station during school-not-in-session.

Xi' = Weekly broadcast hours of the ith station for programing for classroom during school-not-in-session.

(E) Broadcast hours for programing for general audience

 $\sum_{\text{BH}_{pga}} (f_{i}Y_{i} + f_{i}' Y_{i}')$

Where

BHDGs = Broadcast hours for programing for general audience.

- f_i = Number of broadcast weeks of the ith station during school-in-session.
- Y_i = Weekly broadcast hours of the ith station for programing for general audience during school-in-session.
- fi' = Number of broadcast weeks of the ith station during school-not-in session.
- Yi = Weekly broadcast hours of the ith station for programing for general audience during school-not-in-session.

(F) Total (year) broadcast hours

TBH
tot = BH 1 + BH 2 = BH pc + BH pqa

Where

TBH tot = Total (year) broadcast hours

(G) Broadcast hours by source of programing

Percent distributions of broadcast hours by source of programing were computed as follows:

- Percent of all categories of source of programing were converted to broadcast hours for both programing for classroom and programing for general audience for each station.
- ii. Total broadcast hours of each category of source of programing were calculated by adding those of the stations involved.
- iii. Finally, percent distributions of broadcast hours by source of programing were made for both programing for classroom and programing for general audience by converting the broadcast hours of each category to percent of the total.





APPENDIX F

PUBLIC TELEVISION STATIONS ON THE AIR AS OF JUNE 30, 1974 (Number in parenthesis indicates number of broadcast channel)

ALABAMA
WAIQ (26)
Montgomery, Alabama
WBIQ (10)
Birmingham, Alabama
WCIQ (7)
Mt. Cheaha, Alabama
WDIQ (2)
Dozier, Alabama
WEIQ (42)
Mobile, Alabama
WFIQ (36)
Florence, Alabama
WFIQ (43)
Louisville, Alabama
WHIG (25)
Huntsville, Alabama
WIQ (41)
Dcmopolis, Alabama
Alabama Educational Television

ALASKA KYUK (4)* Bethel, Alaska Bethel Broadcasting, Inc.

KUAC (9) Fairbanks, Alaska University of Alaska

ARIZONA KAET (8) Phoenix, Arizona Arizona Board of Regents

> KUAT (6) Tucson, Arizona University of Arizona

ARKANSAS....:
KETS (2)
Little Rock, Arkansas
Arkansas Educational Television
Commission

CALIFORNIA

KOCE (50)*
Huntington Beach, California
Board of Trustees
Coast Community College D
District

KEE⁺ (13) Eureka, California Redwood Empire Educational Television, Inc.

KCET (28) Los Angeles, .alifornia Community Television of Southern .alifornia

KLCS (*9) Los Angeles, California Board of Education Los Angeles City Schools

Los Angeles, California
Viewer Sponsorad Telavision
Foundation

KIXE (9) Redding, California Northern California Educational Television Association, Inc.

KVIE (6) Sacramento, California Central Californic Educational Television

KVCR (24) San Bernardino, California San Bernardino Community College District

KPBS (15) San Diego, California California State University San Diego

KQED (9) San Francisco, California KQEC (32) San Francisco, California Bay area Educational Television Association

KTEH (54) San Jose, Callifornia Office of Education County of Santa Clara

KCSM (14) San Mateo, California San Mateo Community, College District

COLORADO

KRMA (6)
Denver, Colorado
School District #1
City and County of Denver and
State of Colorado

KTSC (8) Pueblo, Colorado Southern Colorado State College

CONNECTICUT
WEDH (24)
Hartford, Connecticut
WEDW (49)
Bridgeport, Connecticut
WEDN (53)
Norwich, Connecticut
Connecticut Educational
Television Corporation

WASHINGTON, D. C.
WETA (26)
Washington, D. C.
Greater Washington Educational
Telecommunications
Association, Inc.

, FLORIZA

WUFT (5)
Gainesville, Florida
Board of Regents
State of Florida

WJCT (7)
Jacksonville, Florida
Community Television, Inc.

WPBT (2) Miami, Florida Community Television Foundation of South Florida, Inc.

WTHS (2) Miami, Florida WLRN (17) Miami, Florida Dade County School Board

WMFE (24)
Orlando, Florida
Florida Central East
Coast Educational
Television, Inc.

WSRE (23) Pensacola, Florida Board of Trustees, Pensacola Junior College

WFSU (11) Tallahassee, Florida Board of Regents for Florida State University

WEDU (3) Tampa, Florida Florida West Coast Educational Television, Inc.

WUSF (16) Tampa, Florida University of South Florida

GEORGIA WGTV (8) Athens/Atlanta, Georgia University of Georgia

WETV (30) Atlanta, Georgia Board of Education City of Atlanta

WCLP (18)
Chatsworth, Georgia
WDCO (15)
Cochran, Georgia
WJSP (28)
Columbus, Georgia
WACS (25)
Dawson, Georgia
WABW (14)
Pelham, Georgia
WVAN (9)
Savannah, Georgia
WXGA (8)
Waycross, Georgia
WCES (20)
Wrens, Georgia
Georgia State Board
of Education

HAWAII

KHET (11)
Honolulu, Hawaii
(MES (10)
Wailuku, Hawaii
University of Hawaii





LDAHO

KUID (12) Moscow, Idaho University of Idaho

KAID (4) Boise, Idaho Boise State College

KBGL (10)
Pocatello, Idaho
State Board of Education
Trustees Idaho State
University

ILLINOIS

WSIU (8) Carbondale, Illinois WUSI (16) Olney, Illinois Sothern Illinois University

WTTW (11)
Chicago, Illinois
WXXW (20)
Chicago, Illinois
Chicago Educational
Telavision Association

WTVP (47)
Peoria, Illinois
Illinois Valley Public
Telecommunications
Corporation

WILL (12) Urbana, Illinois University of Illinois

INDIANA

WTIU (30) Bloomington, Indiana Trustees of Indiana University

WMIN (9) Evansville, Indiana Southwast Indiana Public Telavision, Inc.

WFYI (20) Indianapolic, Indiana Metropoliten Indianapolis Television Association

WIPB (49) Muncie, Indiana Ball State University

WCAE (50) St. John, Indiana Lake Central School Corporation

WYUT (22) Vincennes, Indiana Vincennes University

10WA

kDIN (11)
Des Moines, Iowa
KIIN (12)
Iowa City, Iowa
State Educational Radio and
Television Facility Board

KANSAS

KTWU (11) Topeka, Kansas Washburn University of Topeka

KPTS (8) Wichita, Kansas The Sunflower Educational Television Corporation

KENTUCKY

MKAS (25)
Ashland, Kentucky
MKGB (53)
Bowling Green, Kentucky
MCVN (54)
Covington, Kentucky
MKZT (23)
Elizebethtown, Kentucky
MKHA (35)
Hazard, Kentucky
MKLE (46)
Lexington, Kentucky
MKMJ (68)
Lexington, Kentucky
MKMJ (68)
Madisonville, Kentucky
MKMA (35)
Madisonville, Kentucky
MKMU (21)
Murray, Kentucky
MKMU (21)
Murray, Kentucky
MKNN (52)
Owenton, Kentucky
MKPI (22)
Pikeville, Kentucky
MKSO (29)
Somerset, Kentucky

WKPC (15) Louisville, Kentucky Board of Education of Jefferson County

LOUISIANA

WYES (12) New Orleans, Louisiana Greater New Orleans Educational Television Foundation

MAINE

MCBB (10) Augusta, Maine Colby-Bates-Bowdoin Educational Telecasting Corporation

WMEB (12)
Orono, Maine
WMED (13)
Calais, Maine
WMEM (10)
Presque Isle, Maine
University of Maine

MARYLAND
WHPB (67)
Baltimore, Maryland
WCPB (28)
Salisbury, Maryland
Maryland Public Broadcasting

MASSACHUSETTS

WGBH (2) Boston, Massachusetts WGBX (44) Boston, Massachusetts WGBY (57)* † Springfield, Massachusetts WGBH Educational Foundation

MI CHI GAN

MTVS (56) Detroit, Michigan Detroit Educational Television Foundation

WKAR (23) East Lansing, Michigan Boerd of Trustees of Michigan Stete University

WGVC (35)* Grend Rapids, Michigan Board of Control Grand Valley State College

WNPB (13)*
Marquette, Michigan
Northern Michigan
University

WCMU (14) Mount Pleasant, Michigan Central Michigan University

WUCM (19) University Center, Michigan Delta College

MINNESOTA

KWCM (10)
Appleton, Minnesota
Twin City Area Educational
Television Corporation
and West Central
Minnesota

KAYT (15)*
Austin, Minnesota
Independent School
District #492

WDSE (8) Duluth, Minnesota Duluth-Superior Aree Educational Television Corporation

KTCA (2)
St. Paul-Minneapolis,
Minnesota
KTCI (17)
St. Paul-Minneapolis,
Minnebota
Twin City Area
Educational Television
Corporation



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Commission

MISSISSIPPI
WMAA (29)
Jackson, Mississippi
WMAB (2)
State College, Mississippi
WMAU (17)
Bude. Mississippi
WMAO (23)
Greenwood. Mississippi
WMAH (19)
Blioxi. Mississippi
WMAW (18)
Oxford, Mississippi
WMAW (14)
Meridian. Mississippi
The Mississippi Authority
for Educational
Television

MISSOURI

KCPT (19)
Kansas City, Missouri
Community Service Broadcasting
of Mid=America, Inc.

KETC (9) St. Louis. Missouri St. Louis Educational Television Commission

NEBRASKA

KTNE (13)
Alliance, Nebraska
KMNE (7)
Bassett. Nebraska
KHNE (29)
Hastings, Nebraska
KLNE (3)
Lexington, Nebraska
KRNE (12)
Merriman, Nebraska
KXNE (19)
Norfolk, Nebraska
KPNE (9)
North Platte, Nebraska
KYNE (26)
Omaha, Nëbraska
Nebraska Educational
Television Commission

KUON (12) Lincoln, Nebraska University of Nebraska

NEVADA

KLVX (10) Las Vegas, Nevada Clark County School District

NEW HAMPSHIRE

WEDB (40)*
Berlin, New Hampshire
WENH (11)
Durham, New Hampshire
WHED (15)
Hanover, New Hampshire
WEKW (52)
Keene, New Hampshire
WLED (49)
Littleton, New Hampshire
University of New Hampshire

NEW JERSEY

WNJS (23).
Camden, New Jersey
WNJM (50)
Montclair. New Jersey
WNJB (58)
New Brunswick. New Jersey
WNJT (52)
Trenton. New Jersey
New Jersey Public Broadcasting
Authority

NEW MEXICO

KIME (5) Albuquerque, New Mexico University of New Mexico and Board of Education Albuquerque Public Schools

KRWG (22)*
Las Cruces. New Mexico
Board of Regents
New Mexico State University

NEW YORK
WSKG (46)
Binghamton, New York
Southern Tier Educational
Television Association,
Inc.

WNYE (25) New York, New York Poard of Education of the City of New York

WNED (17)
Buffalo, New York
Western New York Educational
Television Association, Inc.

WLIW (21) Garden City, New York Long Island Educational Television Council, Inc.

WNET (13) New York, New York Educational Broadcasting Corporation

WNYC (31) New York, New York City of New York Municipal Broadcasting System

MXXI (21) Rochester, New York Rochester Area Educational Television Association, Inc.

WMHT (17) Schenectady, New York Mohawk-Hudson Council on Educational Television, Inc.

WCNY (24) Syracuse, New York The Educational Television Council of Central New York, Inc.

WNPI (18)
Norwood, New York
WNPE (16)
Watertown, New York
St. Lawrence Valley
Educational Television
Council, Inc.

NORTH CAROLINA

WUNC (4)
Chapel Hill, North Carolina
WUND (2)
Columbia. North Carolina
WUNE (17)
Linville, North Carolina
WUNF (33)
Asheville, North Carolina
WUNG (58)
Concord, North Carolina
WUNJ (39)
Wilmington, North Carolina
WUNK (25)
Greenville, North Carolina
WUNL (26)
Winston-Salem, North
Carolina
University of North Carolina

WTVI (42) Charlotte, North Carolina Charlotte-Mecklenburg Board of Education

NORTH DAKOTA

KFME (13) Fargo, North Dakota North Central Educational Television, Inc.

0110

WNEO (45) *
Alliance, Ohio
WOET (16)
Dayton, Ohio
Ohio Educational
Television Network
Commission

WOUB (20) Athens, Ohio Ohio University

WBGU (57) Bowling Green, Ohio Bowling Green State University

WOUC (44) Cambridge, Ohio Ohio University

WCET (48) Cincinnati, Ohio Greater Cincinnati Television Educational Foundation

WVIZ (25) Cleveland, Ohio The Educational Television Association of Metropoliten Cleveland

WOSU (34) Columbus, Ohio The Ohio State University

WGSF (31) Newark, Ohio Newark Public School District

wMUB (14) Oxford, Ohio President and Trustees of the Miami University





WP80 (42) Portsmouth, Ohio The Ohio State University

WGTE (30) Greater foledo
Educational Television
Foundation, Inc.

DKLAHOMA

KETA (13) Oklahoma City, Oklahoma KOEO (11) Tulsa, Oklahoma The Oklahoma Educational Television Authority

KOKH (25) Oklahoma City, Oklahoma Independent School Oistrict #89 of Oklahoma County

OREGON

KOAC (7) Corvallis, Oregon KOAP (10) Portland, Oregon Oregon State Board of Higher Education

PENNSYLVANIA

WLVT (39) Allentown, Pennsylvania Lehigh Valley Educational Television Corporation

WQLN (S4) Public Broadcasting of Northwest Pennsylvania, Inc.

WITF (33) Hershey, Pennsylvania South Central Educational Broadcasting Council

MUHY (35) Philadelphia, Pennsylvania WHYY (12) Wilmington. Oelaware WHYY. Inc.

WQED (13) Pittsburgh, Pennsylvenia WQEX (16) Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Metropolitan Pittsburgh Public Broadcasting, Inc.

WVIA (44) Scranton, Pennsylvania Northeastern Pennsylvania Educational Television Association

WP5% (3) Clearfield, Pennsylvania Pennsylvania State University

RHODE ISLAND

WSBE (36) Providence, Rhodr Island Board of Regents for Education State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantation

SOUTH CAROLINA

WEBA (14) Allendale. South Carolina WITV (7) Charleston, South Carolina WRLK (35) Columbia, South Carolina MJPM (33) Florence, South Carolina WNTV (29) Greenville, South Carolina South Carolina Educational Television Commission

SOUTH DAKOTA

KESO (8) Brookings, South Oakote South Dakota State University

KDSD (16)
Aberdeen, South Oakota
KTSD (10)
Pierre, South Oakota
KBNE (9)
Rapid City, South Oakota
South Oakota Educational
Television Board of
Directors Directors

KUSD (2) Vermillion, South Dakota University of South Oakota

TENNESSEE

HTCI (45) * Chatanooga, Tennessee WLJI (11) Lexington, Tennessee WSKJ (2) Knoxville-Sneedville, Tennessee Tennessee State Board of Education

MKNO (10) Memphis, Tennessee Memphis Community Television Foundation

WDCN (2) Nashville, Tennessee Metropolitan Board of Education

SEXAS

 \mathcal{L}_{λ} KLRN (9) Austin-San Antonio, Texas Southwest Texas Educational Television Council

KAMU (15) College Station, Texas Texas A&M University

KEDT (16)* Corpus Christi, Texas South Texas Educational Broadcesting Council

KERA (13) Dellas, Texas Public Communication Foundation for North Texas

KUHT (8) Houston, Texas University of Houston

KNCT (46) Killeen, Texes Central Texas College KTXT (5)

Lubbock, Texes Texas Tech University

KIDZ (24) Wichita Falls, Texes

UTAH

KBYU (11) Provo, Utah Brighem Young University

KUED (7) Selt Lake City, Utah University of Utah

VERMONT

WETK (33) Burlington, Vermont WVER (28) Rutlend, Vermont WVTB (20) St. Johnsbury, Vermont WYTA (41) Windsor, Vermont University of Vermont

VIRGINIA

WNVT (53) Goldvein, Virginie Northern Virginie Educational Television Association

WVPT (51)
Harrisonburg, Virginia
Shenandoah Velley
: Educational Television
Corporetion

WHRO (15) Norfolk, Virginia The Hampton Roads Educational Television Association, inc.

WCVE (23)
Richmond, Virginia
WCVW (57)
Richmond, Virginia
Central Virginia
Educational Television
Corporation

WBRA (15)
Roanoke, Virginia
wSVN (47)
Norton, Virginia
Blue Ridge Educational
Television Association
Inc.

WASHINGTON

KPEC (S6) Lakewood Center, Washington Clover Park School District 4DD Pierce County

KWSU (10) Pullman University Washington State University

> KCTS (9) Seattle, Washington University of Washington

KSPS (7) Spokane, Washington School District #81

KTPS (62) Tacoma, Washington Tacoma School District #10

KYVE (47) Yakima, Washington Yakima School District #7

WEST VIRGINIA

MSWP (9) †
Grandview, West Virginia
MMUL (33)
Huntington, Hest Virginia
West Virginia Educational
Broadcasting Authority

WWYU (24) Morgantown, West Virginia West Virginia Educational Broadcasting Authority

WISCONSIN

WHWC (28) Colfax, Wisconsin Educational Communications Soerd

WPNE (38) Green Bay, Wisconsin Educational Communications Board Board WHLA (31) La Crosse, Wisconsin Educational Communications Board

WHA (21) Madison, Wisconsin University of Wisconsin

WMVS (1D)
Milwaukee, Wisconsin
MMVT (36)
Milwaukee, Wisconsin
District #9 Area Board of
Vocational, Technical,
and Adult Education

PUERTO RICO HIPR (6) San Juan, Puerto Rico HIPM (3)

WIPM (3)
Mayaguez, Puerto Rico
Department of Education

VIRGIN ISLANDS

WTJX (12)* St. Thomas, Virgin Islands Virgin Islands Public Television System

AMERICAN SAMOA

KVZK (2) Pago Pago. American Samoa Department of Education Government of American Samoe

GUAH

KGTF (12) Agana, Guam Guam Educational Telecommunications Commission



